2010.06.30 14:58:40 Kansas Corporation Commission 757 Susan K. Duffy

THE STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

Before Commissioners:

Thomas E. Wright, Chairman Joseph F. Harkins Ward Loyd

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In the Matter of the Application of Kansas City Power & Light Company for Approval to Implement a Portfolio of Demand Side Management Programs Including Affordability, Energy Efficiency, Demand Response and Educational Programs, and to Implement a Rider for Recovery of Program Costs and Incentives Associated with this Portfolio.

Docket No. 10-KCPE-795-TAR

PROTECTIVE ORDER

NOW COMES the above matter for consideration and determination by the State

Corporation Commission of the State of Kansas (Commission). Having examined its files and records and being duly advised in the premises, the Commission finds and concludes as follows:

1. On June 10, 2010, Kansas City Power & Light Company (KCP&L) filed an

Application for approval to implement a portfolio of demand side management programs and filed a Motion for a Protective Order in this docket.

2. The Commission finds that KCP&L's request for a Protective Order to be well taken and hereby grants KCP&L's request.

3 K.S.A. 66-1220a and K.A.R. 82-1-221a set forth requirements for the designation and treatment of information designated as confidential in Commission proceedings. The Commission finds that it is appropriate to issue this Protective Order, as requested by KCP&L to establish further procedures relating to confidential data and information. Before stating these procedures, the Commission notes that, given the short time frame to review this matter, the parties may wish to conduct discovery using electronic methods. The Commission recognizes that the procedures set forth below may need to be adapted to accommodate such electronic discovery, but the Commission anticipates this will occur by agreement of the parties, unless the Commission is asked to decide an issue.

4 K.S.A. 66-1220a limits disclosure of trade secrets or confidential commercial information of regulated utilities. Under K.S.A. 66-1220a(a)(4), the Commission is to consider alternatives to disclosure that will serve the public interest and protect the regulated entity. This Protective Order provides an interim procedure under K.S.A. 66-1220a(a)(4) to facilitate the prompt and orderly conduct of this case. This Protective Order will govern the treatment and handling of confidential information until further order of the Commission.

5 A party may designate as confidential any information that it believes, in good faith, to be a trade secret or other confidential commercial information. *The party designating the information as confidential must provide a written statement of the specific grounds for the designation at the time the designation is made*. K.A.R. 82-1-221a(a)(5). The party claiming confidentiality has the burden of proving the confidential status of the information. Designating information as confidential does not establish that the information will not be subject to disclosure after review by the Commission. See K.S.A. 66-1220a.

6 This Protective Order applies to all parties in this proceeding, unless specifically stated otherwise. The provisions of the Protective Order apply to Staff, except that Staff is not required to sign Nondisclosure Certificates or view voluminous materials on site, as discussed in Paragraph 5, and is not required to return or destroy confidential information upon request at the conclusion of a proceeding, as referenced in Paragraph 14. Outside experts and consultants used by Staff shall have access to information and voluminous materials on the same basis as Staff,

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except that outside Staff experts and consultants are required to read this Protective Order and to

sign Nondisclosure Certificates as contained in Appendix A.

7 The following definitions shall apply:

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<u>INFORMATION:</u> "Information" refers to all documents, data, including electronic data, studies, and other materials furnished pursuant to requests for information or other modes of discovery, or any other documents or information that are otherwise a part of the Commission record.

<u>CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION:</u> "Confidential information" refers to information which, if disclosed, would likely result in harm to a party's economic or competitive interests or which would result in harm to the public interest generally and which is not otherwise available from public sources. "Confidential information may include, but is not limited to: (1) material or documents that contain information relating directly to specific customers; (2) employee-sensitive information; (3) marketing analyses or other market-specific information relating to services offered in competition with others; (4) reports, work papers or other documentation related to work produced by internal or external auditors or consultants; (5) strategies employed, to be employed, or under consideration; (6) contract negotiations; and (7) information concerning trade secrets, as well as private technical, financial and business information.

A party designating information as confidential shall make the confidential

information available to parties seeking access or discovery under the restrictions in this Protective Order if such disclosure is not otherwise privileged or objectionable on other evidentiary grounds. Disclosure of confidential information shall be made to attorneys of record and to authorized representatives, including outside experts, who are consulting with parties or intend to file testimony in this proceeding. Attorneys or authorized representatives seeking access to confidential information shall first read this protective Order and sign a Nondisclosure Certificate as provided in Appendix A. In cases in which a utility's rates are being reviewed, attorneys and representatives of the utility whose rates are being reviewed are not required to sign Nondisclosure Certificates in order to receive copies of documents containing the utility's own confidential information. The Nondisclosure Certificate shall contain the signatory's name, permanent address, title or position, date signed, and an affirmation that the signer is acting on behalf of a party to this proceeding. The Nondisclosure Certificate shall be filed in the docket. The party claiming confidentiality shall provide legible copies of the confidential information to requesting parties by serving one copy upon counsel for the requesting party. The requesting party may copy the confidential information and make it available to its authorized representative who has signed Nondisclosure Certificates. If a response to a discovery request requires the duplication of voluminous material or the material is not easily copied because of its binding or size, the furnishing party may require that the voluminous material be reviewed on its own premises. If duplication of voluminous material can be accomplished without undue burden on the party disclosing the information, the voluminous material may be copied at the expense of the requesting party. Voluminous material shall include documents or materials comprised of two hundred pages or more.

9 A party may designate prefiled testimony and exhibits as confidential pursuant to this Protective Order. *The specific grounds for the confidential designation shall be stated in writing at the time the designation is made or the testimony filed.* Any party obtaining confidential information may use or refer to such information in prefiled or oral testimony provided that the confidentiality is maintained, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission.

10. If information to be disclosed in response to a data request contains confidential information designated by another party in this docket, the furnishing party shall maintain the confidential status by marking the information as confidential and only provided responses to parties that have signed Nondisclosure Certificates. If information that a party intends to use in this proceeding or that would be disclosed in response to a data request contains confidential information obtained from a source outside of this proceeding, the party intending to use or

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provide the confidential information must notify the original source which claimed confidential status to allow that entity to decide whether to claim confidentiality in this proceeding.

11. When pleadings, prefiled testimony or exhibits include confidential information,

parties are to follow these procedures:

- a. File seven copies of the complete document, including all confidential information. The cover is to clearly state "CONFIDENTAIL VERSION." Confidential pages shall be stamped "CONFIDENTIAL," and the specific confidential information shall be identified by being underlined.
- b. File one copy with the confidential portions redacted, for use as a public document. The cover is to clearly state "PUBLIC VERSION."
- c. File one copy of the pages that contain confidential information in a separate envelope marked "CONFIDENTIAL." This filing will be maintained in the docket room file under seal. If there are multiple pages with confidential information and it is impracticable to separate the pages with the confidential information, the party may file instead one copy of the entire document that is stamped "CONFIDENTIAL."
- 12. Confidential testimony may be offered or subject to cross-examination at

hearings. Parties have the right to object to the admissibility of confidential information on standard evidentiary grounds such as relevance. Confidential information that is received into evidence will be kept under seal. Confidential information shall be discussed only after the hearing is closed to all persons except the Commission, its Staff, hearing examiners, court reports, attorneys of record and individuals to whom the designated information is available under the terms of this Protective Order. Parties shall make every effort at hearings to ask and answer questions in such a way as to preserve the confidentiality of the information without the need to close the hearing. The transcript of live testimony or oral argument disclosing confidential information shall be kept under seal and copies provided only to persons entitled to access to confidential information. Neither the parties nor their attorneys shall disclose or provide copies of the contents of such transcripts to anyone other than those who may have access to the designated information under the terms of this Protective Order.

13. If a party disagrees with a claim that information is confidential or should not be disclosed, the parties shall first attempt to resolve the dispute on an informal basis. If the parties cannot resolve the dispute informally, the party contesting the confidential treatment may file a motion with the Commission. Commission Staff should also be prepared to challenge a confidential designation when Staff believes that information does not meet the definition of confidential information. When a dispute concerning the confidentiality is brought before the Commission, the Commission will review the matter to determine 1) if the party claiming confidentiality has met its burden of establishing the confidential designation is proper, and 2) whether disclosure is warranted under K.S.A. 66-1220a. The contested information shall not be disclosed pending the Commission's ruling.

14. All persons who are afforded access to confidential information under the terms of this Protective Order shall neither use nor disclose such information for purposes of business or competition or any other purpose other than the purpose of preparation for and litigation of this proceeding. During the course of this proceeding, parties shall keep confidential information secure in accordance with the purposes and intent of this order. At the conclusion of this proceeding, including judicial review, a party which claimed that information was confidential may requires that other persons in possession of its confidential information return or destroy all such confidential information and all notes, tapes, documents, and any other medium containing, summarizing or otherwise embodying such confidential information. If the party claiming confidentiality requests destruction, the person destroying the information shall certify its

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destruction. Counsel shall be entitled to retain memoranda or pleadings including or embodying confidential information to the extent reasonably necessary to preserve a file on this proceeding.

IT IS, THEREFORE, BY THE COMMISSION ORDERED THAT:

A. This Protective Order shall govern the treatment and handling of confidential information in this docket.

B. The parties have fifteen days, plus three days if service is by mail, from the date the order was served in which to petition the Commission for reconsideration of any issues decided herein. K.S.A. 66-118b; K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 77-529(a)(1).

C. The Commission retains jurisdiction over the subject matter and parties for the purpose of entering such further orders as it may deem necessary.

BY THE COMMISSION IT IS SO ORDERED.

Wright, Chmn.; Harkins, Com.; Loyd, Com.

ORDERED MAILED

Dated: JUN 3 0 2010

Jour Laby EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

JUL 01 2010

Susan K. Duffy Executive Director

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APPENDIX A

NONDISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

	I, (name), have been presented a copy of the	
Protec	ive Order issued in Docket No. 10-KCPE-795-TAR on theday of,	
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	I have requested review of confidential information produced in Docket No. 10-KCPI	Ξ -
795- T	R on behalf of	
	I hereby certify that I have read the above-mentioned Protective Order and agree to ab	oide
by its	erms and conditions.	
	Dated this day of, 20	
	Printed name and title	
	Signature	
	Party/Employer	
	Address (City, State and ZIP)	
	Telephone	
	Facsimile	