## BEFORE THE STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION

# OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

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IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC, d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY, FOR APPROVAL OF THE COMMISSION TO MAKE CERTAIN CHANGES IN ITS RATES FOR NATURAL GAS SERVICE

] KCC Docket No. 21-BHCG-418-RTS

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

# ANDREA C. CRANE

# **RE: REVENUE REQUIREMENTS**

# ON BEHALF OF

# THE CITIZENS' UTILITY RATEPAYER BOARD

September 10, 2021

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Appendix A - List of Prior Testimonies Appendix B - Supporting Schedules Appendix C - Referenced Data Requests

I.	STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS
Q.	Please state your name and business address.
A.	My name is Andrea C. Crane and my business address is 2805 E. Oakland Park Boulevard,
	#401, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308.
Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
А.	I am President of The Columbia Group, Inc., a financial consulting firm that specializes in
	utility regulation. In this capacity, I analyze rate filings, prepare expert testimony, and
	undertake various studies relating to utility rates and regulatory policy. I have held several
	positions of increasing responsibility since I joined The Columbia Group, Inc. in January
	1989. I became President of the firm in 2008.
Q.	Please summarize your professional experience in the utility industry.
A.	Prior to my association with The Columbia Group, Inc., I held the position of Economic
	Policy and Analysis Staff Manager for GTE Service Corporation, from December 1987 to
	January 1989. From June 1982 to September 1987, I was employed by various Bell
	Atlantic (now Verizon) subsidiaries. While at Bell Atlantic, I held assignments in the
	Product Management, Treasury, and Regulatory Departments.
Q.	Have you previously testified in regulatory proceedings?
A.	Yes, since joining The Columbia Group, Inc., I have testified in over 400 regulatory
	proceedings in the states of Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Hawaii,
	Q. A. Q. A. Q.

1		Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Oklahoma,
2		Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and the
3		District of Columbia. These proceedings involved gas, electric, water, wastewater,
4		telephone, solid waste, cable television, and navigation utilities. A list of dockets in which
5		I have filed testimony over the past five years is included in Appendix A.
6		
7	Q.	What is your educational background?
8	A.	I received a Master of Business Administration degree, with a concentration in Finance,
9		from Temple University in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. My undergraduate degree is a B.A.
10		in Chemistry from Temple University.
11		
12	II.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
	II. Q.	<u>PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY</u> What is the purpose of your testimony?
12		
12 13	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
12 13 14	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application
12 13 14 15	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application with the Kansas Corporation Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") seeking a base
12 13 14 15 16	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application with the Kansas Corporation Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") seeking a base revenue increase of \$10,199,943, or approximately 11.34%, for its natural gas operations
12 13 14 15 16 17	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application with the Kansas Corporation Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") seeking a base revenue increase of \$10,199,943, or approximately 11.34%, for its natural gas operations in Kansas. Black Hills provides natural gas service to approximately 117,000 Kansas
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application with the Kansas Corporation Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") seeking a base revenue increase of \$10,199,943, or approximately 11.34%, for its natural gas operations in Kansas. Black Hills provides natural gas service to approximately 117,000 Kansas customers in 65 communities located in 50 counties.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony? On May 7, 2021, Black Hills Energy ("Black Hills" or "Company") filed an Application with the Kansas Corporation Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") seeking a base revenue increase of \$10,199,943, or approximately 11.34%, for its natural gas operations in Kansas. Black Hills provides natural gas service to approximately 117,000 Kansas customers in 65 communities located in 50 counties. The proposed base revenue increase includes certain costs that are currently being

1	proposes to implement a Tax Adjustment Rider ("TA Rider") to provide refunds of certain
2	excess deferred income taxes ("EDIT") of \$2,807,996 annually for three years to Kansas
3	customers. The net impact of the base revenue increase, resetting of the GSRS to \$0, and
4	the TA Rider refund was a proposed increase of \$2,604,722, or approximately 4.5% for the
5	average residential customer.
6	The Columbia Group, Inc. was engaged by the State of Kansas, Citizens' Utility
7	Ratepayer Board ("CURB") to review the Company's Application and to provide
8	recommendations to the KCC regarding the Company's revenue requirement. In addition

to my testimony, CURB is sponsoring the testimony of Dr. J. Randall Woolridge on cost
 of capital and capital structure issues, and of Glenn Watkins on rate design and class cost
 of service issues.

12

## 13 Q. What are the most significant issues in this rate proceeding?

A. The most significant accounting issues driving Black Hills's rate increase request are: 1) the Company's claim for a return on equity of 10.15%; 2) return requirements associated with plant-in-service additions since the last base rate case, including post-test year additions; 3) incremental salary and wage expenses and associated benefits, including costs from Black Hills Service Company ("BHSC"); 4) the request to recover credit card fees in base rates; 5) costs for a Data Improvement Integrity Program ("DIIP"); and 6) proposed increases in depreciation rates.

21

III. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS 1 What are your conclusions concerning the Company's revenue requirement and its **Q**. 2 need for rate relief? 3 Based on my analysis of the Company's filing and other documentation in this case, my A. 4 conclusions are as follows: 5 1. The twelve-month period ending December 31, 2020, as adjusted, is an acceptable 6 test year for use in this case to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's claim. 7 2. Black Hills has a test year, pro forma rate base of \$239,948,387, as shown on 8 Schedule ACC-3.<sup>1</sup> 9 The Company has pro forma operating income at present rates of \$10,615,214, as 3. 10 shown in Schedule ACC-10. 11 4. Based on my adjustments and on the recommendations of Dr. Woolridge, Black 12 Hills has a test year, pro forma, revenue deficiency of \$5,827,211, as shown on Schedule 13 ACC-1. This is in contrast to the Company's claimed deficiency of \$10,199,943. 14 5. The current GSRS is \$6,610,982. Therefore, the roll-in of the GSRS will result in 15 a base rate reduction of \$783,771. When the TA Rider refund of \$2,807,966 is considered, 16 I am recommending an overall net annual revenue reduction of \$3,591,736, as shown on 17 Schedule ACC-1. 18 19

 Schedules ACC-1, ACC-29, and ACC-30 are Summary Schedules, Schedule ACC-2 is a Cost of Capital Schedule, Schedules ACC-3 and ACC-9 are Rate Base Schedules, and Schedules ACC-10 to ACC-28 are operating income schedules.

				<u>UCTURE</u>		
2	Q.	What is the cost of capital a	and capital struc	cture that the	Company is requ	esting in
3		this case?				
4	А.	The Company's filing was b	ased on an overal	l cost of capit	al of 7.05%, which	includes
5		the following capital structur	re and cost rates,	as shown in S	ection 7 of its Appl	ication:
6			Percentage	Cost	Weighted Cost	
		Common Equity	50.34%	10.15%	5.11%	
7		Long-Term Debt	49.66%	3.91%	1.94%	
0		Total	100.00%	000270	7.05%	
8						
9						
10	Q.	Is CURB recommending a	djustments to th	is capital stru	icture or cost of ca	pital?
11	А.	Yes, as addressed by Dr. W	oolridge in his to	estimony, CU	RB is recommend	ing that the
12		KCC authorize a return on e	quity of 8.75% fo	or Black Hills	In addition, Dr. W	Voolridge is
13		recommending a capital stru	cture that include	es 50% comn	non equity and 50%	6 long-term
14		debt.				
15						
16	Q.	What is the overall cost of	capital that CUF	<b>RB</b> is recomm	nending in this case	e?
17	A.	As shown on Schedule ACC	-2, CURB is recor	nmending an	overall cost of capit	al for Black
18		Hills of 6.33%, based on the	following capital	structure and	l cost rates:	
			Doroontogo	Cost	Waightad Cast	l
		Common Equity	Percentage 50.00%	Cost 8.75%	Weighted Cost 4.38%	

Total

Long-Term Debt

3.91%

1.96% 6.33%<sup>2</sup>

50.00%

100.00%

<sup>2</sup> Does not add due to rounding.

1		
2		Please see the testimony of Dr. Woolridge for a detailed discussion of CURB's cost of
3		capital and capital structure recommendations.
4		
5	V.	RATE BASE ISSUES
6	Q.	What test year did the Company utilize to determine its rate base claim in this case?
7	A.	Black Hills's rate base claim is based on the test year ending December 31, 2021, adjusted
8		to reflect projected plant additions and retirements through June 30, 2021. In addition, the
9		Company included an adjustment to reflect the impact of an adjustment to allocations per
10		the Cost Allocation Manual ("CAM") effective January 2021. The Company also included
11		an adjustment to reflect depreciation reserve additions through June 30, 2021.
12		
13	Q.	In addition to net plant, what other components are included in the Company's rate
14		base claim?
15	A.	Black Hills included materials and supplies, prepayments, and gas in storage based on the
16		actual thirteen-month averages for the test year (December 2019 to December 2020). It
17		also included a \$0 balance for cash working capital. Black Hills included customer
18		advances and customer deposits based on balances at December 31, 2020. With regard to
19		deferred income tax assets and liabilities, the Company generally included deferred tax
20		balances at December 31, 2020, except for those deferred taxes that it proposed to return
21		through the TA Rider, which were excluded from rate base.

1	Q.	Did the Company include Construction Work in Progress ("CWIP") in rate base?
2	A.	The Company did not explicitly include CWIP in rate base. However, it did include plant
3		that was projected to be in service by June 30, 2021.
4		
5	Q.	Does the Company's inclusion of post-test year additions through June 30, 2021,
6		violate the test year concept?
7	A.	Yes, in many respects the Company's inclusion of post-test year additions through June
8		30, 2021, does violate the test year concept. The use of projected plant through June 30,
9		2021, effectively results in a partially-forecast test year. This is particularly true in this
10		case, since the Company's claim for post-test year plant additions of \$20,779,783 per
11		Section 3, Schedule 2, page 1 exceeds its test year CWIP balance by \$9,877,188.
12		Therefore, the Company's rate base reflects millions of dollars of expenditures that were
13		not incurred by the end of the test year.
14		
15	Q.	Has the KCC Staff previously supported the inclusion of post-test year plant additions
16		in rate base?
17	A.	Yes, they have. In the past several years, KCC Staff has permitted utilities to include post-
18		test year plant additions in rate base. I have generally opposed the inclusion of post-test
19		year plant in rate base, especially when such additions exceeded the test year CWIP
20		balance. Nevertheless, it is my understanding that it is now KCC Staff's policy to permit
21		the inclusion of certain post-test year plant additions that are completed and in-service prior
22		to the filing of Staff and intervenor testimony.

1	Q.	Did the Company provide an update of actual plant additions through June 30, 2021?
2	А.	Yes, it did. In response to CURB-25, the Company provided its actual plant additions
3		through June 30, 2021. As shown in that response, actual plant additions were \$31,653,028,
4		approximately \$10 million higher than the projection included in the Company's filing.
5		
6	Q.	What is the reason for the significant increase in plant additions relative to the
7		Company's original projection?
8	А.	According to the response to CURB-80, Black Hills inadvertently excluded the December
9		31, 2020, CWIP balance of \$10,902,595 from its June 30, 2021, plant projection.
10		Therefore, the Company's original adjustment of \$20,779,783 reflected only those projects
11		that the Company anticipated would be started and completed between January 1, 2021,
12		and June 30, 2021, and excluded those projects that were already under construction at the
13		end of the test year.
14		
15	Q.	Have you included actual plant balances at June 30, 2021, in your rate base
16		recommendation?
17	A.	Yes, I have. While I continue to believe that this practice unnecessarily extends the test
18		year, given KCC Staff's acceptance of the practice in prior cases, I have reflected post-test
19		year plant additions in my rate base recommendation. In addition, I recognize many of
20		these projects would qualify for recovery under the GSRS. Therefore, ratepayers would
21		begin to pay for these projects prior to the next rate case in any event. Accordingly, I have
22		reflected the actual June 30, 2021, plant balances in rate base.

2	Q.	Please describe the Utility Plant in Service adjustment shown in Schedule ACC-4.
3	А.	On Schedule 4, I have updated the Company's Utility Plant in Service adjustment to reflect
4		actual results at June 30, 2021. There are three components to this adjustment. First, as
5		discussed above, I have reflected actual plant additions of \$31,653,028. Second, I have
6		reflected actual plant retirements through June 30, 2021, of \$3,561,044. Third, I have
7		reflected an adjustment based on the actual allocations effective January 1, 2021. The net
8		adjustment is an increase to test year utility plant of \$29,274,555, which is \$9,767,057
9		higher than the utility plant included in the Company's claim. The reason for the significant
10		variance from the filing is largely the result of the Company's failure to include CWIP
11		balances in its projection for post-test year plant additions.
12		
13	Q.	Did you make a corresponding adjustment to the reserve for depreciation?
14	A.	Yes, on Schedule ACC-5, I have updated the reserve for depreciation to reflect actual
15		reserve additions through June 30, 2021. These adjustments include depreciation reserve
16		additions on both test year and post-test year plant, as well as additions related to the
17		changes in the CAM effective January 1, 2021. It also included the effect of actual
18		retirements through June 30, 2021. The net impact of this adjustment is an increase to the
19		depreciation reserve of \$2,611,792, which is \$1,022,697 less than the reserve addition
20		projected by Black Hills in its filing.

0. Have you also made adjustments to the deferred income tax reserve balances? 1 Yes, I have. The Company's rate base claim included several categories of deferred income 2 A. tax balances. These include deferred income tax assets, deferred income tax liabilities 3 associated with property, non-property-related deferred income tax liabilities, regulatory 4 liabilities associated with EDIT related to the Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA"), 5 regulatory liabilities associated with Kansas EDIT, and deferred tax liabilities allocated 6 from BHSC. 7 In response to KCC-169, Black Hills updated its deferred tax balances to reflect 8 actual balances at June 30, 2021. Since most of these deferred taxes relate to plant, it is 9 appropriate to reflect updated deferred tax balances in rate base, given the fact that my rate 10 base recommendation includes utility plant balances at June 30, 2021. 11 On Schedule ACC-6, I have included the updated balance of deferred income tax 12 assets. On Schedule ACC-7, I have included the updated deferred income tax liability 13 associated with property. On Schedule ACC-8, I have included the updated non-property-14 related deferred income tax liability. Finally, on Schedule ACC-9, I have included the 15 updated deferred income tax liability allocated from BHSC. 16 17 Given the updates discussed above, what rate base are you recommending in this 18 Q. case? 19 My adjustments result in a rate base of \$239,948,387, as summarized on Schedule ACC-2. 20 A. My recommended rate base is \$9,610,608 higher than the rate base filed by Black Hills in 21 22 its Application.

1 2	VI.	OPERATING INCOME ISSUES
3		A. <u>Pro Forma Revenues</u>
4	Q.	How did the Company determine its pro forma revenue claim in this case?
5	A.	Black Hills began with its actual test year revenues and billing determinants. As discussed
6		in the testimony of Company witness Mr. Hyatt, the Company then made an adjustment to
7		normalize revenues for normal weather, based on a ten-year period as determined by the
8		National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ("NOAA"). The Company also made
9		an adjustment to reflect a five-year average for irrigation revenues. In addition, Black Hills
10		made an adjustment to synchronize base year billing determinants and base year revenues.
11		
12	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's claim?
13	A.	Yes, I am recommending two adjustments, relating to weather normalization and changes
14		in customers counts during the test year.
15		
16	Q.	How did the Company determine its weather normalization adjustment in this case?
17	A.	The Company utilized a 10-year period to determine normal weather in calculating its pro
18		forma weather-normalized revenue.
19		

1	Q	Do you agree with the use of 10 years to weather-normalize sales?
2	A.	No, I do not. Instead, I recommend that the KCC continue to utilize a 30-year standard for
3		normal weather. It is my understanding that the KCC has consistently utilized a 30-year
4		standard in prior cases.
5		
6	Q.	Why do you believe that 30-year data is more appropriate to utilize in developing the
7		Company's weather normalization adjustment than the 10-year period recommended
8		by the Company?
9	A.	The 30-year normal has been established by NOAA, the government organization charged
10		with establishing and recording the climatic conditions of the United States. The 30-year
11		standard is the objective standard, established by the government body responsible for
12		determining normal weather conditions. Moreover, the 30-year standard is the international
13		standard adopted by the United Nation's World Meteorological Organization ("WMO").
14		The 30-year normal is used for a wide range of applications and it has served as the standard
15		in utility regulation in Kansas in the past.
16		
17	Q.	Do you believe that the use of a NOAA standard is preferable to having regulatory
18		commissions set their own standards?
19	A.	Yes, I do. It should not be the role of each regulatory commission to determine "normal"
20		weather. Rather, that determination should be made by the governmental agency and other
21		international bodies with expertise and responsibility for tracking, analyzing, and reporting
22		weather statistics. In the United States, that agency is NOAA, which has determined that

1		normal weather should be defined as the arithmetic mean computed over a 30-year period.
2		NOAA has further defined the appropriate period over which to calculate normal weather
3		as three consecutive decades.
4		
5	Q.	Why are longer periods preferable to shorter ones for weather normalization data?
6	A.	There are a couple of reasons. First, longer periods tend to average out weather and
7		temperature extremes much better than shorter periods. Obviously, one particularly cold
8		or warm year with many or few heating/cooling degree days has a much greater effect upon
9		a 10-year average than it does upon a 30-year average. In fact, a single data point has a
10		10% impact on a 10-year average, but only a 3.3% impact on a 30-year average. Therefore,
11		the effect of a single data point is three times greater with a 10-year average than with a
12		30-year average.
13		Second, a shorter period may fail to include extreme weather in computing average
14		degree days. It is normal and customary to have a very cold or a very warm year every so
15		often, and the database should include these extremes.
16		
17	Q.	Why is it important to have appropriate standard weather data?
18	А.	Utility rates are based upon normal operating conditions. If revenues are based on an
19		accurate, consistent and widely accepted standard for normalizing weather, in some years
20		the Company's revenues will be less than normal, in some years the Company's revenues
21		will be greater than normal, but over time, the Company's revenues will reflect normal
22		weather and the Company will receive the opportunity to earn its fair rate of return. In

The	Columbia	Group	Inc
THC	Conumbra	Oroup,	me.

1		addition, the use of an accepted objective standard, such as the 30-year NOAA standard,
2		ensures consistency from case to case. Moreover, in this case, Black Hills has a Weather
3		Normalization Adjustment mechanism, so that the Company is made whole for variations
4		in gas sales that are the result of deviations from normal weather.
5		
6	Q.	Are there other factors that lead you to favor the 30-year NOAA standard over the
7		10 years of data recommended by the Company?
8	A.	Yes. Among other things, the NOAA standard has a long history of use and acceptance.
9		The use of the NOAA thirty years as "normal" is based upon an international agreement
10		and is commonly used to reflect normal weather conditions in a variety of industries and
11		applications.
12		
13	Q.	Is there a statistical reason why a 30-year normal should be used?
14	A.	Yes, there is. The use of 30 data points has its basis in the central limit theorem, which
15		states that if the sample size has at least 30 data points, then the distribution of sample
16		means is normal, resulting in a normal distribution centered around the mean with a
17		
		standard deviation that decreases as the sample size increases.
18		standard deviation that decreases as the sample size increases.
18 19	Q.	standard deviation that decreases as the sample size increases. Is the purpose of a weather normalization adjustment to predict future weather, as
	Q.	
19	<b>Q.</b> A.	Is the purpose of a weather normalization adjustment to predict future weather, as
19 20	-	Is the purpose of a weather normalization adjustment to predict future weather, as has sometimes been suggested?

1		forecasters. The purpose of a weather normalization adjustment is, instead, to determine
2		what customer usage would be, assuming "normal" weather. Thus, finding that the use of
3		a 10-year normal is a better predictor of the weather does not provide any meaningful
4		information about normal weather on which utility rates should be based.
5		The regulator is attempting to determine, on a prospective basis, what a "normal"
6		period of operating results will be. One of the components of this determination is normal
7		weather. The regulator is not trying to predict weather or to make a company indifferent
8		to weather, but rather to set rates prospectively that are normalized for weather. In some
9		years, a utility will have colder than normal weather, and in some years, it will have warmer
10		than normal weather. Over time, these variations constitute normal weather.
11		
11	Q.	Why is it important to have a consistent standard determined by an independent
	Q.	Why is it important to have a consistent standard determined by an independent objective organization like NOAA?
12	<b>Q.</b> A.	
12 13		objective organization like NOAA?
12 13 14		<b>objective organization like NOAA?</b> The 30-year period for determining what constitutes normal weather was not defined by
12 13 14 15		<b>objective organization like NOAA?</b> The 30-year period for determining what constitutes normal weather was not defined by Black Hills, or KCC Staff, or CURB. Rather, it was defined by the United States
12 13 14 15 16		<b>objective organization like NOAA?</b> The 30-year period for determining what constitutes normal weather was not defined by Black Hills, or KCC Staff, or CURB. Rather, it was defined by the United States Government organization that is responsible for defining normal weather, i.e., NOAA. If
12 13 14 15 16 17		objective organization like NOAA? The 30-year period for determining what constitutes normal weather was not defined by Black Hills, or KCC Staff, or CURB. Rather, it was defined by the United States Government organization that is responsible for defining normal weather, i.e., NOAA. If an objective standard is not used, then all parties have an incentive to promote the period
12 13 14 15 16 17 18		objective organization like NOAA? The 30-year period for determining what constitutes normal weather was not defined by Black Hills, or KCC Staff, or CURB. Rather, it was defined by the United States Government organization that is responsible for defining normal weather, i.e., NOAA. If an objective standard is not used, then all parties have an incentive to promote the period that results in the best result for their particular constituency in each particular case.

The Columbia Group, Inc.

### **Q.** Does climate change support using shorter periods to determine normal weather?

A. No, it does not. Many parties argue that climate change, and the general warming of the environment, suggest that a shorter period should be used to determine normal weather. However, these arguments confuse the determination of what time period constitutes "normal" weather with what that "normal" weather looks like. NOAA has determined that data from a period of 30 years satisfactorily represents normal weather. To the extent weather patterns do exhibit a permanent change over time, such changes will be reflected in the 30-year NOAA data.

The KCC should also be mindful of the difference between changes in weather 9 patterns over time and changes in usage patterns over time. The two are not the same. 10 While NOAA uses a 30-year period to determine normal degree days, NOAA is not 11 involved in forecasting how gas sales are likely to be impacted due to variations in degree 12 days. Due to conservation efforts, more efficient appliances and furnaces, and other 13 factors, it is entirely possible that the impact of variations in degree days is different in 14 2021 than it was in 1991. My recommendation that the KCC continue to utilize a 30-year 15 standard does not prevent the utility or other parties from presenting arguments regarding 16 the *impact* of weather variations on energy usage. By continuing to utilize a thirty-year 17 weather standard, the KCC is not precluding any party from providing evidence that 18 demonstrates the impact of various weather changes on electricity or natural gas usage in 19 a utility base rate case. 20

1	Q.	How did you quantify your adjustment?
2	A.	In its filing, the Company's weather normalization adjustment increases operating revenue
3		at present rates by \$430,453. In response to CURB-63, the Company indicated that the use
4		of a 30-year normal would have increased revenue at present rates by \$832,196. At
5		Schedule ACC-11, I have made an adjustment to reflect a weather normalization
6		adjustment based on the use of a 30-year period to determine normal weather.
7		
8	Q.	Are you recommending any other adjustment to the Company's pro forma revenue
9		claim?
10	A.	Yes, I am recommending that the KCC adopt a revenue annualization adjustment to reflect
11		the growth in residential customers that occurred during the test year. While the actual
12		number of residential customers fluctuated each month, there were generally more
13		residential customers at the end of the test year than at the beginning of the year. This is
14		consistent with the historic data presented in Section 8 of the Company's filing.
15		
16	Q.	Why do you believe that such an adjustment is necessary?
17	A.	Annualization adjustments are frequently made to reflect the fact that customers typically
18		increase from year-to-year. This is particularly true of residential customers. In Section 8
19		of its Application, the Company provided information regarding the number of customers
20		over the past several years, by customer class. As shown in that Section, the average
21		number of residential customers increased from 101,826 for the twelve months ending
22		December 31, 2019, to 103,148 for the twelve months ending December 31, 2020, an

1		increase of 1,322 customers or approximately 1.29% over that period. The full impact of
2		this growth is not reflected in the Company's pro forma revenue claim because Black Hills
3		based its claim on actual average customers during the test year.
4		
5	Q	How did you quantify your adjustment?
6	A.	As shown on Schedule ACC-12, I have increased the Company's pro forma residential
7		revenue by 0.64%, which reflects one-half of the growth from the average 2019 residential
8		customer counts to the average 2020 residential customer counts. I used one-half of the
9		average growth because the remaining 50% is already embedded in the actual test year
10		results.
1 1		
11		
11	Q.	Does your adjustment assume that residential customers will increase every month?
	<b>Q.</b> A.	<b>Does your adjustment assume that residential customers will increase every month?</b> No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My
12	-	
12 13	-	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My
12 13 14	-	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My adjustment does not assume constant growth month-over-month. Nor is it intended to
12 13 14 15	-	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My adjustment does not assume constant growth month-over-month. Nor is it intended to reflect growth after the end of the test year. My adjustment simply reflects the actual
12 13 14 15 16	-	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My adjustment does not assume constant growth month-over-month. Nor is it intended to reflect growth after the end of the test year. My adjustment simply reflects the actual growth that took place during the test year but which is not fully reflected in the Company's
12 13 14 15 16 17	-	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My adjustment does not assume constant growth month-over-month. Nor is it intended to reflect growth after the end of the test year. My adjustment simply reflects the actual growth that took place during the test year but which is not fully reflected in the Company's
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A.	No, there are still likely to be seasonal changes in the number of residential customers. My adjustment does not assume constant growth month-over-month. Nor is it intended to reflect growth after the end of the test year. My adjustment simply reflects the actual growth that took place during the test year but which is not fully reflected in the Company's pro forma revenue claim.

to follow a fairly stable trend. 22

### B. <u>Salaries and Wage Expense</u>

## 2 Q. How did the Company determine its salary and wage claim in this case?

- A. Black Hills developed its salary and wage claim based on 2021 labor costs for each position. In addition to base salaries, the Company's adjustment includes incentive compensation costs, overtime, standby and call out pay, 401K costs, medical and dental costs, and other related employee benefits. Black Hills has included a salary and wage adjustment of \$600,151 in its filing, which is 9.07% above its actual test year costs.
- 8

9

### Q. Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's payroll expense claim?

A. Yes, I believe that the Company's claim is overstated. The Company has included vacant positions in its salary and wage expense claim. However, it is normal and customary for companies to have unfilled positions at any given time. In addition, in many cases, vacancies are filled by internal employees, thereby creating an additional vacancy that must be filled. If utility rates are established based on a full complement of employees, and if these employee positions remain vacant, then ratepayers will have paid rates that are higher than necessary.

17

# Q. How do labor costs for the twelve months ending June 30, 2021, compare with the actual test year labor costs?

A. As shown in the Confidential response to KCC-163, the Company's actual labor costs for the twelve months ending June 30, 2021, were below the actual costs in the test year, providing further evidence that the Company's claim is overstated.

2	Q.	What d
3	A.	I recom
4		reflect th
5		My adju
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7	Q.	Are you
8		BHSC?
9	A.	While I
10		overstate
11		appropri
12		"employ
13		departm
14		Black H
15		ending J
16		recomm
17		2021. T
		• .1 -

### 0. What do you recommend?

mend that the KCC reject the Company's salary and wage adjustment and instead ne actual test year costs in calculating Black Hills' revenue requirement in this case. stment is shown in Schedule ACC-13.

1 making a similar recommendation regarding payroll costs allocated from

believe that the labor costs included in the Company's BHSC adjustment are ed, I do believe that some increase over the actual test year costs may be 1 iate. According to the testimony of Company witness Ms. Schuldt at pages 42-43, vees in the Strategic Initiatives, Customer Service Call Center, and Safety ents were realigned within the organization as those departments moved from Hills direct departments to BHSC departments." Therefore, the twelve months une 30, 2021, may not be representative of prospective costs. Accordingly, I am ending that the BHSC labor costs be adjusted to reflect annualized costs for June his will result in a pro forma increase of \$356,780, instead of \$874,533 as reflected 1 in the Company's adjustment to intercompany charges. My adjustment is shown in 18 Schedule ACC-14. 19

### C. <u>Incentive Compensation Expense</u>

### 2 Q. Please describe the Company's incentive compensation programs.

A. Black Hills Kansas has several incentive compensation plans as described in the testimony 3 of Company witness Ms. Johnson. All non-executive employees are eligible to participate 4 in the Annual Incentive Plan ("AIP"). The target percentage incentives differ, depending 5 on each pay grade, with target percentages generally increasing as pay grades increase. For 6 Black Hills direct employees, 50% of the AIP award is based on financial metrics, either 7 earnings per share or total operating income. Employees at the Director level and above 8 participate in a Short-term Incentive Plan ("STIP"), which is similar to the AIP. According 9 to Ms. Johnson's testimony at page 15, the goals and performance measures that apply to 10 the AIP also apply to the STIP. 11

12 The third incentive compensation plan is the Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"). 13 This plan is available to officers at the level of Vice President and above. Awards made 14 under the LTIP consist of Performance Shares and Restricted Stock. The Performance 15 Shares are based on total shareholder return ("TSR") compared with TSR of a peer group 16 of companies. Thus, performance share awards not only depend upon the shareholder 17 return at Black Hills but also on shareholder return at other unrelated companies. 18 Restricted Stock Awards are discretionary incentives that vest over a three-year period.

1	Q.	In addition to incent	tive compensation aw	vards, have Black Hil	ls employees received
2		regular annual salar	y and wage increases	?	
3	А.	Yes, they have. As sl	hown in the response	to KCC-184, Black Hi	ills employees received
4		average merit increase	es of 2.77% in 2020 an	d 3.04% in 2021. Con	nparable increases were
5		given to employees o	f BHSC. Moreover, i	n the confidential resp	oonse to CURB-70, the
6		Company provided its	s non-exempt and unio	on pay structures. Wh	ile the specific salaries
7		for each pay grade are	e confidential, it certain	nly appears that the Co	mpany's pay scales are
8		competitive.			
9					
10	Q.	What were the actua	l incentive compensa	tion costs incurred in	the test year?
11	A.	According to the supp	lemental response to K	CC-213, the Company	v incurred the following
12		test year expenses for	incentive compensation	on:	
13					
			BH Direct	BHSC Allocated	Total Incentive
			Incentive Expense	Incentive Expense	Compensation
			ф <b>г со</b> 104	ф4с1 ос4	Expense
		AIP	\$563,194	\$461,964	\$1,025,158
		STID	\$52.076	\$271.011	\$323 087

14

LTIP

15

### Q. Do the Company's incentive plans focus on parameters that directly benefit 16 ratepayers? 17

\$216,549

\$269,041

\$52,492

No, they do not. The Company's incentive compensation programs are heavily weighted А. 18 toward financial benchmarks. The AIP and STIP awards are approximately 50% weighted 19

1		toward financial goals. The Performance Shares are 100% dependent on shareholder
2		returns. Restricted Shares awards are issued on a discretionary basis based on various
3		officer positions, but without specific metrics related to customer-oriented objectives.
4		
5	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's incentive compensation
6		costs?
7	A.	Yes, I am recommending that the KCC disallow 50% of the test year costs for the AIP and
8		STIP awards. In addition, I am recommending that 100% of the LTIP awards be
9		disallowed, including both Performance Shares and Restricted Stock.
10		
11	Q.	In addition to these operating expense impacts, do the incentive compensation awards
12		have a further impact on Kansas utility rates?
12 13	A.	have a further impact on Kansas utility rates? Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed
	A.	
13	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed
13 14	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not
13 14 15	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not included in the Company's expense claim, a portion of these capitalized overheads is
13 14 15 16	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not included in the Company's expense claim, a portion of these capitalized overheads is allocated to Kansas rate base assets and is therefore included in rate base as part of the
13 14 15 16 17	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not included in the Company's expense claim, a portion of these capitalized overheads is allocated to Kansas rate base assets and is therefore included in rate base as part of the Company's plant-in-service claim or in other rate base components. Therefore, ratepayers
13 14 15 16 17 18	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not included in the Company's expense claim, a portion of these capitalized overheads is allocated to Kansas rate base assets and is therefore included in rate base as part of the Company's plant-in-service claim or in other rate base components. Therefore, ratepayers are likely incurring additional costs through a return on, and a return of, incentive
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A.	Yes, they do. A substantial portion of the incentive compensation costs are not expensed but rather are booked as capitalized overhead. While these capitalized overheads are not included in the Company's expense claim, a portion of these capitalized overheads is allocated to Kansas rate base assets and is therefore included in rate base as part of the Company's plant-in-service claim or in other rate base components. Therefore, ratepayers are likely incurring additional costs through a return on, and a return of, incentive compensation costs that have been capitalized. In fact, approximately 35% of all incentive

1	Q.	Do you believe that the incentive compensation program costs claimed by Black
2		Hills should be passed through to ratepayers?
3	A.	No, I do not. The Company's incentive plans are heavily dependent upon financial
4		parameters. Moreover, a large portion of these costs is awarded to officers and other highly
5		compensated employees. In addition to incentive compensation awards, Black Hills also
6		provides generous merit award increases to its employees annually. While I am not making
7		any adjustments to the underlying base salary for any employee position, including officers
8		and other executives, ratepayers should not be required to pay for large incentive
9		compensation payments in addition to these generous base salaries.
10		
11	Q.	Doesn't the Company use a compensation consulting firm to benchmark its
12		compensation?
13	A.	Yes, it does. As discussed on pages 6-7 of Ms. Johnson's testimony, Black Hills utilizes
14		compensation surveys to evaluate the competitiveness of its pay structures. However, the
15		use of such benchmarks can have a detrimental effect on ratepayers as compensation costs
16		spiral, especially at the executive level.
17		
18	Q.	Why do you believe that the use of benchmarking results in spiraling executive
19		compensation costs?
20	A.	Many companies state that they must benchmark their compensation in order to be
21		competitive. However, such benchmarking actually results in ever-increasing executive
22		compensation levels. This is because companies generally target their compensation to the

50<sup>th</sup> percentile of companies in the proxy group selected for benchmarking. Such practices 1 tend to escalate increases in compensation, especially for highly paid officers. These 2 studies compare the subject company's compensation to compensation in a broad range of 3 other firms. Since most companies do not want to find themselves in the lower half of the 4 benchmark group, companies that fall below the average typically increase their 5 compensation hence, the average of the benchmark companies increases. This sets off a 6 chain of events that results in ever-increasing compensation levels as additional companies 7 must increase their compensation levels to avoid falling below the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile. The 8 KCC should be particularly wary of any compensation plans that utilities attempt to justify 9 by means of comparison to benchmark studies. It is not surprising that executive 10 compensation levels have risen dramatically over the past few years, along with the 11 practice of benchmarking. Ms. Johnson reports that the average base pay for Black Hills 12 non-union employees is 50.7% of the pay grade survey target. While the average pay for 13 BHSC employees was only 41.5% of the market, as noted by Ms. Johnson, these averages 14 reflect employees at a "point in time" and can vary due to normal fluctuations in the 15 employee population. 16

17

### 18 Q. What do you recommend with regard to incentive compensation costs?

A. I recommend that the KCC deny the Company's request for recovery of incentive
 compensation costs that are tied to financial metrics or to metrics that do not otherwise
 benefit ratepayers. Given that approximately 50% of the AIP and STIP are tied to
 shareholder earnings or operating income, I recommended that 50% of the test year costs

for the AIP and STIP be disallowed. I recommend that 100% of the LTIP costs, including 1 both Restricted Stock and Performance Shares, be disallowed. These awards were 2 designed as incentives to enhance shareholder value. If the Company wants to reward 3 employees based, in whole or in part, on financial results then shareholders should be 4 willing to absorb these costs. This recommendation will require the Board of Directors to 5 establish incentive compensation plans that shareholders are willing to finance. As long as 6 ratepayers are required to pay the costs of these incentive plans, then there is no incentive 7 for management to control these costs. This is especially true since the officers and 8 executives of the Company are the primary beneficiaries of such plans. My adjustment is 9 shown in Schedule ACC-15. My adjustment only includes the expense portion of these 10 costs. Significant amounts of incentive compensation costs are routinely capitalized and 11 allocated to various plant accounts. It is difficult to quantify the amounts allocated to each 12 plant account and determine the ultimate impact of this allocation on the Company's rate 13 base, because these allocations have already been embedded in the utility's various plant 14 accounts. Therefore, my recommended incentive compensation adjustment is conservative 15 because it only adjusts the expense portion of these costs. 16

17

18

### D. <u>Payroll Tax Expense</u>

### 19 Q. Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's payroll tax claim?

A. Yes, since I am recommending a reduction to the Company's direct salary and wage costs, allocated labor costs from BHSC, and incentive compensation, it is necessary to make a corresponding adjustment to eliminate certain payroll taxes associated with my

1		recommended adjustments. At Schedule ACC-16, I have made an adjustment to eliminate
2		payroll taxes associated with my recommended adjustments to the Company's labor and
3		incentive compensation costs.
4		
5		E. <u>Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit ("OPEB") Expense</u>
6	Q.	How did the Company develop its pension and OPEB expense claims in this case?
7	A.	The Company's claim is based on actual test year pension and OPEB expense. Company
8		witness Ms. Curran recommends, at page 25 of her testimony, "using the 2020 actual
9		pension and OPEB expense because these are Black Hills' actual expenses and they
10		represent reliable, documentable, and timely information at the end of the Test Year." The
11		actual test year pension expense was \$351,522, while the actual test year OPEB expense
12		was \$178,426. The Company's pension plan is closed to new employees and it is frozen
13		for certain employees that did not meet certain age and service-based criteria. The
14		Company continues to offer OPEB benefits to new retirees, as described on page 19 of Ms.
15		Curran's testimony.
16		
17	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's claims for pension and
18		OPEB expenses?
19	Q.	Yes, I am recommending that these costs be updated with actual pension and OPEB costs
20		for June 2021. The KCC previously approved a pension and OPEB tracker for Black Hills,
21		which allows the Company to record a regulatory asset or liability for differences between
22		its actual pension and OPEB expenses and the amounts collected in rates. These regulatory

1		assets or liabilities are then amortized in a subsequent rate case. Therefore, the Company
2		is made whole for any differences between its actual costs and the amount collected from
3		ratepayers. Given this true-up mechanism, I believe it is more efficient to utilize the most
4		recent pension and OPEB expense data. Accordingly, at Schedule ACC-17, I have
5		reflected pension and OPEB adjustments based on annualizing the actual June 2021
6		expenses.
7		
8	Q.	Are you also recommending an adjustment to the Company's claim related to
9		amortization of the pension and OPEB tracker?
10	A.	Yes, I am. The Company's filing includes a five-year amortization of the regulatory
11		liability associated with the pension and OPEB expense tracker. As shown on KSG Direct
12		Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-7, at December 31, 2020, the Company has a regulatory
13		liability of \$5,135,530 related to pension costs and a regulatory liability of \$564,741 related
14		to OPEB costs, which it proposed to amortize over five years at \$1,140,054 per year. As
15		of June 30, 2021, its combined regulatory liabilities had decreased slightly. Given the fact
16		that these amounts will eventually be trued-up, I recommend that the KCC utilize a more
17		recent deferral balance, which results in a slight decrease to the annual amortization
18		amount. My adjustment is shown in Schedule ACC-18.
19		

1 **Q**. 2 A. 3 4 5

#### F. **Uncollectible Expense**

## How did the Company determine its uncollectible expense claim in this case?

Black Hills' bad debt expense ratio is based on the average of net write-offs from 2017-2019, divided by the average of billed revenues over that same three-year period. This resulted in a bad debt ratio of 0.6512%, as shown in KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-9. The Company did not utilize its actual test year uncollectible expense in the 6 calculation. Because of the COVID-19 pandemic, Black Hills stated that the actual test 7 year expense was not representative of normal operating conditions. Black Hills applied 8 this bad debt expense ratio to its adjusted pro forma revenue, including both gas recovery 9 revenues and the proposed base revenue increase of \$10,199,945. 10

11

### Q. Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's claim for uncollectible 12 expense? 13

I am not recommending any adjustment to the Company's proposed bad debt ratio of A. 14 0.6512%. However, since I am recommending a lower base revenue increase than the 15 increase requested by Black Hills, it is necessary to reduce the Company's uncollectible 16 costs to remove uncollectibles associated with that portion of its increase that I recommend 17 be disallowed. At Schedule ACC-19, I have eliminated uncollectible costs associated with 18 the entire requested increase of \$10,199,945. Instead, I have incorporated the Company's 19 bad debt ratio into my revenue multiplier, as discussed later in my testimony. This will 20 ensure that the uncollectible expense included in the Company's revenue requirement will 21 22 be synchronized with the overall base revenue increase.

1		G. <u>Rate Case Expense</u>
2	Q.	How did the Company determine its rate case expense claim in this case?
3	A.	The Company's claim is based on projected costs for the current case of \$750,000. Black
4		Hills is proposing to amortize these costs over three years, for an annual amortization
5		expense of \$250,000.
6		
7	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustments to the Company's rate case expense claim?
8	A.	Yes, I am recommending adjustments to both the amount of pro forma rate case costs and
9		to the amortization period.
10		
11	Q.	What are the actual rate case costs incurred to date by Black Hills?
12	A.	As shown in the response to KCC-219, the Company incurred actual rate case costs of
13		\$112,387 through August 16, 2021. This amount does not include costs from KCC Staff
14		or CURB. At the time of filing of Staff and intervenor testimony in the Company's last
15		base rate case (KCC Docket No. 14-BHGC-502-RTS), the Company had incurred actual
16		rate case costs of \$225,363, as well as \$107,553 in costs from KCC Staff and CURB. <sup>3</sup>
17		
18	Q.	What level of pro forma rate case costs do you recommend be included in the
19		Company's revenue requirement?
20	A.	I have included pro forma rate case costs of \$500,000 in my recommendation. Although

<sup>3</sup> Testimony of Ms. Finger, Exhibit ANF-4, KCC Docket No. 14-BHGC-502-RTS.

1		this amount is considerably higher than the actual costs incurred to date, and higher than
2		the costs incurred through the filing date of KCC Staff and intervenor testimony in the last
3		rate case, it is much more reasonable than the \$750,000 estimate included by Black Hills
4		in its filing.
5		
6	Q.	Over what period do you recommend that rate case costs be amortized?
7	A.	I am recommending a five-year amortization period for rate case costs. The Company's
8		current rates became effective January 1, 2015. Therefore, these rates will have been in
9		effect for seven years, suggesting that the Company may not file frequent rate cases in the
10		future. In addition, the GSRS mechanism will allow Black Hills to be compensated for a
11		significant portion of its plant additions without the filing of a base rate case. For both
12		these reasons, I recommend that the KCC adopt a five-year amortization period for the
13		Company's pro forma rate case costs. My adjustments to the amount of pro forma rate
14		case costs, as well as to the proposed amortization period, are shown in Schedule ACC-20.
15		
16		H. <u>Payment Fee Expense</u>
17	Q.	Please explain the Company's adjustment relating to payment fees.
18	A.	Fees associated with certain types of payments, such as credit cards and other SpeedPay
19		methods, are currently charged directly to Black Hills customers that use these alternative
20		forms of payment. The Company is proposing to include fees for alternative forms of
21		payments in its base rates for service. In calculating its adjustment, Black Hills assumed
22		that usage of these alternative forms of payment would increase by 25% if fees were not

1		charged directly to the customer. The Company has reflected an adjustment of \$231,768
2		relating to projected payment fees in its cost of service. This includes 125% of the actual
3		number of alternative payments in the test year.
4		
5	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's claim?
6	A.	I am not opposed to the inclusion of these fees in cost of service. However, the 25%
7		adjustment included by the Company is speculative, and does not represent a known and
8		measurable change to the test year. Therefore, I recommend that the alternative payment
9		fee allowance be based on the actual number of such payments made in the test year. My
10		adjustment is shown in Schedule ACC-21.
11		
12		I. <u>Data Improvement Integrity Program ("DIIP") Expense</u>
13	Q.	Please describe the DIIP expense included in the Company's claim.
14	A.	As discussed in the testimony of Mr. Watkins, the Company has implemented a DIIP,
15		which consists of "specific initiatives to improve system data, including data gas reduction,
16		GIS updates and programmatic improvements." <sup>4</sup> Black Hills has included projected
17		operating costs of \$400,000 annually in its claim. This represents a significant increase
18		over the actual test year costs of \$168,152.
19		

<sup>4</sup> Testimony of Mr. Watkins, page 16.

1	Q.	What do you recommend with regard to DIIP expenses?
2	A.	Given the fact that the DIIP was not fully operational in the test year, it is reasonable to
3		include some post-test year adjustment in the Company's revenue requirement. However,
4		the Company's projection of \$400,000 is speculative. I have included DIIP costs of
5		\$347,935 in my revenue requirement recommendation, which are the actual costs incurred
6		for the twelve months ending June 30, 2021. My adjustment is shown in Schedule ACC-
7		22.
8		
9		J. <u>Research and Development Expense</u>
10	Q.	Please describe the Company's claim for costs associated with research and
11		development projects.
12	A.	The Company is seeking authorization to recover \$58,184 in rates relating to funding of
13		the Operations Technology Development ("OTD") projects sponsored by the Gas
14		Technology Institute ("GTI"). GTI is a not-for-profit industry collaboration established in
15		2003 to undertake certain research and development projects. Local distribution
16		companies and gas pipelines previously funded research and development projects through
17		the Gas Research Institute ("GRI"), which was established in 1977 and was funded through
18		a FERC-approved mechanism. The restructuring of the natural gas industry and increased
19		competition between gas pipelines led to the dissolution of this funding mechanism, and
20		FERC-approved funding for research and development was phased out between 1998 and
21		2004.

In this case, the Company is seeking authorization to recover costs associated with

1		participation in the OTD, a member-controlled partnership of natural gas distribution
2		companies that was formed to develop, test, and implement new technologies. <sup>5</sup> OTD
3		operates in collaboration with GTI.
4		
5	Q.	Do you support the funding of these research and development activities by Kansas
6		ratepayers?
7	A.	No, I do not. Given that Kansas customers are captive monopoly customers, I generally
8		do not believe that ratepayer funds should be used to support research and development
9		activities. Rather, research and development activities should be financed either by the
10		private sector or by public government funds. As various projects and services then
11		become available, the utility can evaluate whether each should be adopted for Black Hills
12		customers. Therefore, I recommend that the Company's request to have Kansas ratepayers
13		fund research and development projects through OTD be denied. My adjustment is shown
14		in Schedule ACC-23.
15		
16		K. <u>Meals and Entertainment Expense</u>
17	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's meals and entertainment
18		expense claim?
19	A.	Yes, I am. The Company has included in its filing \$56,660 of meals and entertainment
20		expenses that are not deductible on the Company's income tax return. The IRS typically

<sup>5</sup> Per the OTD website.

limits recovery of meals and entertainment expenses to 50% on the basis that a portion of 1 these expenditures are not appropriate deductions for federal tax purposes. If these costs 2 are not deemed to be appropriate business expenses by the IRS, it is reasonable for the 3 KCC to conclude that they are not appropriate business expenses to include in a regulated 4 utility's cost of service. Accordingly, at Schedule ACC-24, I have made an adjustment to 5 eliminate these costs from the Company's revenue requirement. While there may be 6 certain costs for meals that should be borne by ratepayers, there are also likely to be costs 7 included in this category that should be entirely excluded from the Company's revenue 8 requirement. Discerning which meals and entertainment costs provided what, if any, 9 benefits for ratepayers or shareholders is a difficult task. Adopting this approach to 10 disallow 50% of these costs will account for the intangible measurement of ratepayer and 11 shareholder benefits. Therefore, my recommendation to apply a 50% disallowance, similar 12 to the IRS, reflects a reasonable balance between shareholders and ratepayers and should 13 be adopted by the KCC. 14

- 15
- 16 **L.**

#### . <u>Depreciation Expense</u>

# Q. Are you recommending any adjustment to the Company's claim for pro forma depreciation expense?

A. Yes, I am recommending one adjustment. As previously stated, I am recommending a
 utility plant balance that is greater than the utility plant-in-service claim included by the
 Company in its filing. Therefore, it is necessary to make a corresponding adjustment to
 reflect an increase in depreciation expense associated with this incremental plant. At

1		Schedule ACC-25, I have reflected a depreciation expense adjustment, based on my
2		recommended utility plant adjustment and on the composite depreciation rate reflected in
3		the Company's claim.
4		
5	Q.	Is the Company proposing new depreciation rates in this case?
6	A.	Yes, it is. In its filing, the Company included new depreciation rates for Black Hills plant,
7		based on the recommendations in the testimony of Black Hills witness John Spanos. As
8		shown in the response to CURB-33, the proposed new depreciation rates increase the
9		Company's depreciation expense by \$292,851.
10		
11	Q.	Has CURB taken a position on whether new depreciation rates should be approved
11 12	Q.	Has CURB taken a position on whether new depreciation rates should be approved in this case?
	<b>Q.</b> A.	
12		in this case?
12 13		in this case? No, we have not. I did not conduct an independent review of the proposed new depreciation
12 13 14		in this case? No, we have not. I did not conduct an independent review of the proposed new depreciation rates in this case. Therefore, the depreciation expense adjustment discussed above is based
12 13 14 15		in this case? No, we have not. I did not conduct an independent review of the proposed new depreciation rates in this case. Therefore, the depreciation expense adjustment discussed above is based on the composite rate included in the Company's filing. I understand that Staff will present
12 13 14 15 16		in this case? No, we have not. I did not conduct an independent review of the proposed new depreciation rates in this case. Therefore, the depreciation expense adjustment discussed above is based on the composite rate included in the Company's filing. I understand that Staff will present testimony on depreciation rates, although I am not aware of what position Staff may take
12 13 14 15 16		in this case? No, we have not. I did not conduct an independent review of the proposed new depreciation rates in this case. Therefore, the depreciation expense adjustment discussed above is based on the composite rate included in the Company's filing. I understand that Staff will present testimony on depreciation rates, although I am not aware of what position Staff may take on this issue. Therefore, at this time, CURB reserves its right to review testimony filed by

1

#### M. <u>Excess Deferred Income Taxes</u>

#### 2 Q. Please summarize the impact of the TCJA on the Company's income tax expense.

A. The TCJA, which became effective January 1, 2018, had a major impact on the cost of 3 service for regulated utilities, including Black Hills. The most significant feature of the 4 TCJA was a reduction in the corporate federal income tax rate from 35% to 21%. This 5 reduction in the federal income tax rate impacts Black Hills's cost of service in two ways. 6 First, beginning January 1, 2018, the Company's federal income tax liability was 7 significantly reduced, due to the reduction in the corporate income tax rate. Second, the 8 lower income tax rate results in excess deferred income taxes that must be refunded to 9 10 customers.

11

#### 12

#### Q. What are excess deferred income taxes?

A. Excess deferred income taxes are the difference between the accumulated deferred income tax liability booked at the prior tax rate of 35% and the accumulated deferred income tax liability at the new tax rate of 21%.

16

#### 17 Q. How are excess deferred income taxes treated for ratemaking purposes?

A. There are two types of excess deferred income taxes: protected and unprotected. Protected excess deferred income taxes relate to deferred taxes associated with plant-related balances, primarily related to accelerated depreciation methodologies (including bonus depreciation) that were permissible for tax purposes but which were not reflected for ratemaking purposes. Protected excess deferred income taxes are required to be returned to ratepayers using the Average Rate Assumption Method ("ARAM"), which generally
 provides that the excess deferred taxes cannot be flowed-through to ratepayers more
 rapidly than the average remaining life of the underlying property that gave rise to the
 deferred taxes.

5 Unprotected excess deferred taxes relate to differences between the tax and 6 ratemaking treatments afforded other types of costs, such pension and benefit costs, 7 regulatory costs, and costs for which the Company accrues a reserve. Unprotected excess 8 deferred income taxes can also relate to plant-related timing differences other than those 9 related to depreciation. Utilities are not required to use ARAM to return unprotected excess 10 deferred taxes to ratepayers. Instead, unprotected excess deferred taxes can be flowed-11 through for ratemaking purposes over any "reasonable" period.

12

#### 13 Q. How did the Company reflect EDIT in its filing?

As discussed in the testimony of Mr. Crouch, Black Hills is proposing that protected excess 14 A. deferred income taxes be returned to ratepayers in base rates using the ARAM 15 methodology, which is the methodology that is required by the IRS. Black Hills is 16 proposing that non-protected EDIT, which consists of 1) non-protected, plant-related 17 EDIT, 2) non-protected, non-plant-related EDIT, and 3) unrefunded amortizations be 18 returned to customers over a three-year period through a TA Rider. These three 19 components total \$4,111,447 on a revenue requirement basis. In addition, Black Hills is 20 proposing to offset these refunds with a regulatory asset of \$184,834 related to a protected 21 22 Net Operating Loss ("NOL"), for a net refund of \$3,926,613.

1		In addition to these federal deferred taxes, Black Hills also has a state deferred tax
2		liability of \$3,733,744 to be returned to customers, relating to changes in state income tax
3		rates. Thus, the Company is seeking to return \$7,660,351, or a total of \$8,423,897 after
4		interest at the Company's proposed pre-tax weighted cost of capital is applied.
5		
6	Q.	Are you recommending any adjustments to the Company's proposals regarding the
7		treatment of excess deferred income taxes?
8	A.	No, I am not recommending any adjustment to the Company's proposed TA Rider.
9		However, I recommend that the actual interest component be based on the pre-tax weighted
10		average cost of capital authorized by the KCC in this proceeding.
11		
12		N. <u>Interest Synchronization and Taxes</u>
13	Q.	Have you adjusted the pro forma interest expense for income tax purposes?
14	A.	Yes, I made this adjustment at Schedule ACC-26. It is consistent (synchronized) with
15		CURB's recommended rate base, capital structure, and cost of capital recommendations. I
16		am recommending a higher rate base than the rate base that the Company included in its
17		filing. In addition, Dr. Woolridge is recommending a higher percentage of debt in the
18		capital structure. The net result of these recommendations is an increase in the Company's
19		pro forma interest expense. This higher interest expense, which is an income tax deduction
20		for state and federal tax purposes, will result in a decrease to the Company's income tax
21		liability under CURB's recommendations. Therefore, CURB's recommendations result in
22		an interest synchronization adjustment that reflects a lower income tax burden for the

What income tax factor have you used to quantify your adjustments?	
As shown on Schedule ACC-27, I have used a composite income tax fact	tor of 21.00%,
which only includes federal income taxes. It is my understanding that Bla	ack Hills is no
longer subject to state income taxes. This is the income tax rate used by Bl	lack Hills in its
filing.	
What revenue multiplier have you used to gross up the Compa	any's revenue
deficiency?	
As shown on ACC-28, I have used a revenue multiplier of 1.27412. T	his reflects an
uncollectible rate of 0.6512%, as discussed earlier, as well as the 21% fede	eral income tax
rate.	
. <u>REVENUE REQUIREMENT SUMMARY</u>	
What is the result of the recommendations contained in your testimony	y?
My adjustments indicate that the Company has a base revenue deficiency	of \$5,827,211,
as summarized on Schedule ACC-1. This recommendation reflects revenue	ue requirement
adjustments of \$4,372,732 to the revenue increase of \$10,199,943 requested	by Black Hills.
	<ul> <li>which only includes federal income taxes. It is my understanding that BI longer subject to state income taxes. This is the income tax rate used by BI filing.</li> <li>What revenue multiplier have you used to gross up the Compa deficiency?</li> <li>As shown on ACC-28, I have used a revenue multiplier of 1.27412. T uncollectible rate of 0.6512%, as discussed earlier, as well as the 21% federate.</li> <li>II. <u>REVENUE REQUIREMENT SUMMARY</u></li> <li>What is the result of the recommendations contained in your testimony. My adjustments indicate that the Company has a base revenue deficiency as summarized on Schedule ACC-1. This recommendation reflects revenue</li> </ul>

42

1	Q.	Have you quantified the revenue requirement impact of each of your recommended
2		adjustments?
3	A.	Yes, at Schedule ACC-29, I have quantified the impact on the Company's revenue
4		requirement of CURB's rate of return, rate base, revenue and operating expense
5		adjustments.
6		
7	Q.	Have you developed a pro forma income statement?
8	А.	Yes, Schedule ACC-30 contains a pro forma income statement, showing utility operating
9		income under several scenarios, including the Company's claimed operating income at
10		present rates, my recommended operating income at present rates, and operating income
11		under my proposed revenue increase. My recommendations will result in an overall return
12		on rate base of 6.33%, as recommended by Dr. Woolridge.
13		
14	Q.	Can you summarize the components of the revenue adjustment that you are
15		recommending versus the Company's proposed increase?
16	A.	Yes, as shown in its filing, Black Hills proposed a base revenue increase of \$10,199,943.
17		In addition, Black Hills proposed to reset its GSRS, which at the time of filing was
18		recovering \$4,787,225 annually from ratepayers, to \$0. Finally, Black Hills proposed to
19		provide certain tax refunds to ratepayers through a TA Rider, which would return
20		\$2,807,996 annually to ratepayers over three years. The net impact on ratepayers was an
21		increase of \$2,604,722.
22		I am recommending a base revenue increase of \$5,827,211. Based on the

1	Company's most recent GSRS filing,	, Black Hills is c	urrently recovering	\$6,610,982						
2	through the GSRS. Given the fact that the GSRS will be reset to \$0 when new rates from									
3	this case are effective, and given the	this case are effective, and given the Company's TA Rider credit of \$2,807,966, the								
4	recommendations contained in my testi	mony will result in	a net decrease of \$3,	591,736, as						
5	shown below:	shown below:								
6	Summary of	of Rate Impacts								
7		-								
1		Company	CURB							
0	Base Revenue Increase	\$10,199,943	\$5,827,211							
8	GSRS Rolled into Base Rates	(\$4,787,225)	(\$6,610,982)							
0	Tax Adjustment Rider	(\$2,807,996)	(\$2,807,996)							
9	Net Impact to Ratepayers	\$2,604,722	(\$3,591,736)							
10			·							

- Does this conclude your testimony? Q. 11
- Yes, it does. A. 12

#### **VERIFICATION**

STATE OF FLORIDA ) SS: COUNTY OF BROWARD )

Andrea C. Crane, President of The Columbia Group, Inc., upon being duly sworn upon her oath, deposes and states that she is a consultant for the Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board, that she has read and is familiar with the foregoing Direct Testimony of Andrea C. Crane, and that the statements made therein are true and correct to the best of her knowledge, information and belief.

SIGNED this 10th day of September, 2021.

Inde ANDREA C. CRANE

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me by Andrea C. Crane on this 10th day of September, 2021.

Notary Public State of Florida Elizabeth Jacobs My Commission GG 330722 Expires 05/05/2023

My Commission Expires:

BLIC IN AND FOR THE **NOTARY PU** STATE OF FLORIDA

Company	<u>Utility</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Docket</u>	<u>Date</u>	Topic	<u>On Behalf Of</u>
Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company	G	Kansas	21-BHCG-418-RTS	9/21	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	21-00083-UT	8/21	Decertification of 114 MW of Palo Verde	Office of Attorney General
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	21-00017-UT	7/21	Abandonment of Four Corners Power Plant	Office of Attorney General
Evergy Kansas Metro Evergy Kansas Central	Е	Kansas	21-EKME-320-TAR	6/21	Electric Vehicle Program	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Southwestern Public Service Company	Е	New Mexico	20-00238-UT	5/21	Revenue Requirements	Office of Attorney General
Avista Corporation	E/G	Washington	UE-200900/UG-200901	4/21	Revenue Requirements	Public Counsel Unit
Public Service Company of New Mexico / Avangrid	E	New Mexico	20-00222-UT	4/21	Merger Transaction	Office of Attorney General
PSEG Nuclear and Exelon Generation Company	Е	New Jersey	ER20080557-559	1/21	Nuclear Subsidies	Division of Rate Counsel
Utilities, Inc. of Florida	W/WW	Florida	20200139-WS	11/20	Revenue Requirements	Office of Public Counsel
El Paso Electric Company	Е	New Mexico	20-00104-UT	10/20	Revenue Requirements	Office of Attorney General
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	20-00121-UT	9/20	Regulatory Disincentive Mechanism	Office of Attorney General
Peoples Gas System	G	Florida	20200051-GU	9/20	Revenue Requirements	Office of Public Counsel
New Mexico Gas Company	G	New Mexico	19-00317-UT	7/20	Revenue Requirements	Office of Attorney General
El Paso Electric Company	Е	New Mexico	19-00317-UT	4/20	CCN For Newman Unit 6	Office of Attorney General
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	19-00195-UT	12/19	Replacement Resources for SJGS Units 1 and 4	Office of Attorney General
Southwestern Public Service Company	Е	New Mexico	19-00170-UT	11/19	Revenue Requirements	Office of Attorney General
Atmos Energy Company	G	Kansas	19-ATMG-525-RTS	10/19	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	19-00018-UT	10/19	Abandonment of SJGS and Stranded Cost Recovery	Office of Attorney General
Rockland Electric Company	Е	New Jersey	ER19050552	10/19	Revenue Requirements	Division of Rate Counsel
Avista Corporation	E/G	Washington	UE-190334/UG-190335	10/19	Revenue Requirements	Public Counsel Unit
Westar Energy, Inc.	E	Kansas	19-WSEE-355-TAR	6/19	JEC Capacity Purchase	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Empire District Electric Company	Е	Kansas	19-EPDE-223-RTS	5/19	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	E/G	New Jersey	EO18060629/ G018060630	3/19	Energy Strong II Program	Division of Rate Counsel
Southwestern Public Service Company	E	New Mexico	18-00308-UT	2/19	Voluntary Renewable Energy Program	Office of Attorney General
Zero Emission Certificate Program (Various Applicants)	E	New Jersey	EO18080899	1/19	Zero Emission Certificates Subsidy	Division of Rate Counsel
Public Service Company of New Mexico	E	New Mexico	18-00043-UT	12/18	Removal of Energy Efficiency Disincentives	Office of Attorney General
Kansas Gas Service	G	Kansas	18-KGSG-560-RTS	10/18	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility

#### The Columbia Group, Inc., Testimonies of Andrea C. Crane

<u>Company</u>	<u>Utility</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Docket</u>	Date	Topic	<u>On Behalf Of</u>
						Ratepayer Board
New Mexico Gas Company	G	New Mexico	18-00038-UT	9/18	Testimony in Support of Stipulation	Office of Attorney General
Kansas City Power and Light Company	Е	Kansas	18-KCPE-480-RTS	9/18	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	E/G	New Jersey	ER18010029/ GR18010030	8/18	Revenue Requirements	Division of Rate Counsel
Westar Energy, Inc.	Е	Kansas	18-WSEE-328-RTS	6/18	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Southwestern Public Service Company	Е	New Mexico	17-00255-UT	4/18	Revenue Requirements	Office of Attorney General
Empire District Electric Company	E	Kansas	18-EPDE-184-PRE	3/18	Approval of Wind Generation Facilities	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
GPE/ Kansas City Power & Light Co., Westar Energy, Inc.	Е	Kansas	18-KCPE-095-MER	1/18	Proposed Merger	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	Е	New Jersey	GR17070776	1/18	Gas System Modernization Program	Division of Rate Counsel
Southwestern Public Service Company	Е	New Mexico	17-00044-UT	10/17	Approval of Wind Generation Facilities	Office of Attorney General
Kansas Gas Service	G	Kansas	17-KGSG-455-ACT	9/17	MGP Remediation Costs	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Atlantic City Electric Company	Е	New Jersey	ER17030308	8/17	Base Rate Case	Division of Rate Counsel
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Е	New Mexico	16-00276-UT	6/17	Testimony in Support of Stipulation	Office of Attorney General
Westar Energy, Inc.	Е	Kansas	17-WSEE-147-RTS	5/17	Abbreviated Rate Case	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Kansas City Power and Light Company	Е	Kansas	17-KCPE-201-RTS	4/17	Abbreviated Rate Case	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
GPE/ Kansas City Power & Light Co., Westar Energy, Inc.	Е	Kansas	16-KCPE-593-ACQ	12/16	Proposed Merger	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board
Kansas Gas Service	G	Kansas	16-KGSG-491-RTS	9/16	Revenue Requirements	Citizens' Utility Ratepayer Board

#### **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### **REVENUE REQUIREMENT SUMMARY**

	Company Claim	Recommended Adjustment	Recommended CURB	
1. Pro Forma Rate Base	(A) \$230,337,779	\$9,610,608	\$239,948,387	(D)
2. Required Cost of Capital	7.05%	-0.72%	6.33%	(E)
3. Required Return	\$16,238,813	(\$1,050,081)	\$15,188,733	
4. Operating Income @ Present Rates	8,180,859	2,434,355	10,615,214	(F)
5. Operating Income Deficiency	\$8,057,954	(\$3,484,435)	\$4,573,519	
6. Revenue Multiplier	1.2658		1.2741	(G)
7. Required Revenue Increase	<u>\$10,199,943</u>	<u>(\$4,372,732)</u>	<u>\$5,827,211</u>	
8. GSRS Revenue Moved Into Base (B)	(\$4,787,225)		(\$6,610,982)	
9. Tax Adjustment Rider (C)	(2,807,996)		(2,807,966)	
10. Net Ratepayer Impact	\$ <u>2,604,722</u>		( <u>\$3,591,736</u> )	

Sources:

(A) Company Filing Section 3, Schedule 1.

(B) Company Claim reflects GSRS Annual Revenue at time of filing. CURB Recommendation reflects GSRS approved in KCC Docket No. 21-BHCG-434-TAR.

(C) Three year amortization of TA Rider Refund Amount of \$8,423,897, per KGS Direct Exhibit TDS-2.

(D) Schedule ACC-3.

(E) Schedule ACC-2.

(F) Schedule ACC-10.

(G) Schedule ACC-28.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# **REQUIRED COST OF CAPITAL**

	Capital Structure	Cost Rate		Weighted Cost
1. Common Equity	(A) 50.00%	8.75%	(B)	4.38%
2. Long Term Debt	50.00%	3.91%	(A)	1.96%
3. Total Cost of Capital	100.00%			<u>6.33%</u>

Sources:

(A) Company Filing, Section 7, Schedule 1.

(B) Recommendation of Dr. Woolridge.

#### **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### RATE BASE SUMMARY

	Company Claim	Recommended Adjustment		Recommended Position
1. Utility Plant in Service	(A) \$371,393,987	\$9,767,057	(B)	\$381,161,044
Less: 2. Accumulated Depreciation	(108,316,403)	1,022,697	(C)	(107,293,706)
3. Net Utility Plant	\$263,077,584	\$10,789,754		\$273,867,338
<ul> <li>Plus:</li> <li>4. Construction Work In Progress</li> <li>5. Materials and Supplies</li> <li>6. Gas Storage</li> <li>7. Prepayments</li> <li>8. Cash Working Capital</li> <li>9. Deferred Income Tax Assets</li> </ul>	\$0 2,673,612 1,787,128 90,098 0 5,749,357	0	(D)	\$0 2,673,612 1,787,128 90,098 0 5,871,558
Less: 10. Customer Advances 11. Customer Deposits 12. Acc. Deferred Inc. Taxes-Property 13. Regulatory Liability-Fed. TCJA EDIT 14. Regulatory Liability-KS EDIT 15. ADIT - Other 16. Allocated BHSC ADIT and EDIT	(\$114,892) (1,433,558) (26,330,141) (11,989,467) 0 (690,064) (2,481,878)	0 (1,544,638) 0 0 15,632	(E) (F) (G)	(\$114,892) (1,433,558) (27,874,779) (11,989,467) 0 (674,432) (2,254,219)
17. Total Rate Base	<u>\$230,337,779</u>	<u>\$9,610,608</u>		<u>\$239,948,387</u>

Sources:

(A) Company Filing, Section 3, Schedule 1, page 1.

(B) Schedule ACC-4.

(C) Schedule ACC-5.

(D) Schedule ACC-6.

(E) Schedule ACC-7.

(F) Schedule ACC-8.

(G) Schedule ACC-9.

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE

1. Actual Plant Additions Through 6/30/2021	\$31,653,028	(A)
2. Actual Plant Retirements Through 6/30/2021	(3,561,044)	(B)
3. Impact of CAM Adj. Through 6/30/2021	1,182,571	(C)
4. Total Gross Plant Additions Through 6/30/2021	\$29,274,555	
5 Per Company Filing	19,507,498	(D)
6. Recommended Adjustment	\$ <u>9,767,057</u>	

Sources:

- (A) Response to CURB-25.
- (B) Response to CURB-26.
- (C) Response to CURB-27.
- (D) Company Filing, Section 3, Schedule 2, page 1.

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

7. Recommended Adjustment	( <u>\$1,022,697</u> )	
6 Per Company Filing	3,634,489	(E)
5. Total Reserve Additions Through 6/30/2021	\$2,611,792	
4. Depreciation Roll Forward to 6/30/2021	5,283,520	(D)
3. Impact of CAM Adj. Through 6/30/2021	712,053	(C)
2. Actual Retirements Through 6/30/2021	(3,561,044)	(B)
1. Actual Reserve Additions Through 6/30/2021	\$177,263	(A)

Sources:

- (A) Response to CURB-25.
- (B) Response to CURB-26.
- (C) Response to CURB-27.
- (D) Response to CURB-28.
- (E) Company Filing, Section 3, Schedule 2, page 1.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

3. Recommended Adjustment	\$ <u>122,201</u>	
2. Company Claim	5,749,357	(B)
1. Actual Balance at June 30, 2021	\$5,871,558	(A)

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-169.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

## ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES-PROPERTY

3. Recommended Adjustment	( <u>\$1,544,638</u> )	
2. Company Claim	(26,330,141)	(B)
1. Actual Balance at June 30, 2021	(\$27,874,779)	(A)

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-169.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES-OTHER

3. Recommended Adjustment	\$ <u>15,632</u>	
2. Company Claim	(690,064)	(B)
1. Actual Balance at June 30, 2021	(\$674,432)	(A)

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-169.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# ALLOCATED BHSC ADIT AND EDIT

3. Recommended Adjustment	\$ <u>227,659</u>	
2. Company Claim	(2,481,878)	(B)
1. Actual Balance at June 30, 2021	(\$2,254,219)	(A)

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-169.

## **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# **OPERATING INCOME SUMMARY**

		Schedule No.
1. Company Claim	\$8,180,859	1
Recommended Adjustments:		
	<b><b><b><b></b></b></b></b>	
2. Weather Normalization Adjustment	\$315,310	11
3. Residential Revenue	166,031	12
<ol><li>Salary and Wage Expense</li></ol>	474,119	13
5. Incentive Compensation Expense	745,099	14
6. Payroll Tax Expense	98,396	15
<ol><li>Salary and Wage Expense - BHSC</li></ol>	281,856	16
8. Pension and OPEB Expense	161,959	17
9. Amortization of Pension Tracker	(3,222)	18
10. Uncollectible Expense	52,473	19
11. Rate Case Expense	118,500	20
12. Payment Fee Expense	36,619	21
13. Data Improvement Integrity Program Exp	41,131	22
14 Research and Development Expense	45,965	23
15. Meals and Entertainment Expense	44,761	24
16. Depreciation Expense	(191,356)	25
17. Interest Synchronization	46,712	26

18. Operating Income

<u>\$10,615,214</u>

## **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### WEATHER NORMALIZATION ADJUSTMENT

1. Revenue Based on 30 Year No	rma \$832,196	(A)
2. Company Claim	430,453	(B)
3. Recommended Adjustment	\$401,743	
4. Uncollectible Expense	2,616	(C)
5. Net Revenue Adjustment	\$399,127	
6. Income Taxes @ 21.0	00% 83,817	
7. Operating Income Impact	<u>\$315,310</u>	

Sources:

(A) Response to CURB-63.

(B) Company Filing, KGS Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement I.

(C) Uncollectible Rate per Schedule ACC-19.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### **RESIDENTIAL REVENUE**

	-	Residential Revenue	
1. Residential Margin Revenue		\$33,011,046	(A)
2. Recommended Adjustment	-	0.64%	(B)
3. Pro Forma Revenue Adjustment		\$211,544	
4. Uncollectible Expense	0.65%	1,378	(C)
5. Net Revenue Adjustment		\$210,166	
6. Income Taxes @	21.00%	44,135	
7. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>166,031</u>	

Sources:

(A) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement I, plus Weather Normalization Adjustment per Schedule ACC-11.

- (B) Based on average growth during the test year per Company Filing, Section 8, Schedule 4, pages 3-4.
- (C) Uncollectible Rate per Schedule ACC-19.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

## SALARY AND WAGE EXPENSE

3. Operating Income Ir	npact	\$ <u>474,119</u>	
2. Income Taxes @	21.00%	126,032	
1. Company Claim		\$600,151	(A)

Sources:

(A) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-5.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

#### **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### SALARY AND WAGE EXPENSE - BHSC

5. Operating Income Imp	pact	\$ <u>281,856</u>	
4. Income Taxes @	21.00%	74,924	
3. Recommended Adjus	tment	\$356,780	
2. Company Claim		10,122,140	(B)
1. Annualized Costs - J	une 2021	\$9,765,360	(A)

Sources:

(A) Based on the response to KCC-196.

(B) Response to KCC-160, Attachment B.

#### TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### INCENTIVE COMPENSATION EXPENSE

	Company	Recommended	Recommended
	Claim	Adj. (%)	Adj. (\$)
	(A)	. ,	
	\$1,025,158	50.00%	\$512,579
	323 087	50.00%	161,544
	020,007	00.0070	101,044
	269,041	100.00%	269,041
			\$943,164
21.00%			198,064
			\$ <u>745,099</u>
	21.00%	<u>Claim</u> (A) \$1,025,158 323,087 269,041	Claim         Adj. (%)           (A)         (B)           \$1,025,158         50.00%           323,087         50.00%           269,041         100.00%

Sources:

(A) Supplemental Response to KCC-213.

(B) Recommendation of Ms. Crane.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### PAYROLL TAX EXPENSE

1. Salary and Wage Adjustment-BH		\$600,151	(A)
2. Salary and Wage Adjustmen	it-BHSC	281,856	(B)
3. Incentive Compensation Adj	3. Incentive Compensation Adjustment		(C)
4. Total Labor Adjustment		\$1,825,171	
5. Composite Payroll Tax Rate		6.82%	(D)
6. Total Recommended Adjustment		\$124,551	
7. Income Taxes @	21.00%	26,156	
8. Operating Income		\$ <u>98,396</u>	

Sources:

- (A) Schedule ACC-13.
- (B) Schedule ACC-14.
- (C) Schedule ACC-15.

(D) Composite rate per Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule L-1.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### PENSION AND OPEB EXPENSE

1. Annualized Pension Expense Based of	on June 2021	\$108,528	(A)
2. Annualized OPEB Expense Based on June 2021		216,408	(B)
3. Total Annualized Pension/OPEB Expe	ense	\$324,936	
4. Company Claim		529,948	(C)
5. Recommended Adjustment		\$205,012	
6. Income Taxes @	21.00%	43,053	
7. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>161,959</u>	

Sources:

(A) Based on June 2021 Expense per the response to KCC-177.

(B) Based on June 2021 Expense per the response to KCC-178.

(C) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-6.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

#### **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### AMORTIZATION OF PENSION AND OPEB TRACKER

1. Amortization Based on Balances at 6/30/2021		\$1,135,975	(A)
2. Company Claim		1,140,054	(B)
3. Recommended Adjustment		(\$4,079)	
4. Income Taxes @	21.00%	(857)	
5. Operating Income Impact		( <u>\$3,222</u> )	

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-175.

(B) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-7.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

#### **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### UNCOLLECTIBLE EXPENSE

1. Requested Rate Increase		\$10,199,943	(A)
2. Three Year Average Rate	-	0.651200%	(B)
3. Recommended Adjustme	nt	\$66,422	
4. Income Taxes @	21.00%	13,949	
5. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>52,473</u>	

Sources:

- (A) Company Filing, Section 3, Schedule 1, page 1.
- (B) Company Filing, KGS Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-9.

## **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2013**

# RATE CASE EXPENSE

1. Pro Forma Rate Case	e Costs	\$500,000	(A)
2. Proposed Amortization Period		5_	(A)
3. Recommended Annu	al Costs	\$100,000	
4. Company Claim		250,000	(B)
5. Recommended Adjustment		\$150,000	
6. Income Taxes @	21.00%	31,500	
7. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>118,500</u>	

Sources:

(A) Recommendation of Ms. Crane.

(B) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-10.

#### **TEST YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2013**

#### PAYMENT FEE EXPENSE

5. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>36,619</u>	
4. Income Taxes @	21.00%	9,734	
3. Recommended Adjustment		\$46,353	
2. Company Claim		231,768	(B)
1. Cost at Current Levels		\$185,415	(A)

Sources:

(A) Based on actual test year payments per Company workpaper.

(B) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-18.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### DATA IMPROVEMENT INTEGRITY PROGRAM EXPENSE

5. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>41,131</u>	
4. Income Taxes @	21.00%	10,934	
3. Recommended Adjustment		\$52,065	
2. Company Claim		400,000	(B)
1. Actual Costs through June 30, 2021		\$347,935	(A)

Sources:

(A) Response to KCC-230.

(B) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-15.

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### **RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSE**

3. Operating Income Impact	\$ <u>45,965</u>	
2. Income Taxes @	21.00% 12,219	
1. Recommended Adjustment	\$58,184	(A)

Sources:

(A) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Schedule H-19.

## **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

#### MEALS AND ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSE

3. Operating Income Impact		\$ <u>44,761</u>	
2. Income Taxes @	21.00%	11,899	
1. Total Recommended Adjustm	nent	\$56,660	(A)

Sources: (A) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement K.

#### **TEST YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2013**

#### **DEPRECIATION EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT**

3. Recommended Adjustment	\$242,223	
4. Income Taxes @ 21.00%	50,867	
-		
5. Operating Income Impact	\$ <u>191,356</u>	

Sources:

(A) Schedule ACC-3.

(B) Based on composite proposed rate per KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement J, reflects BH only excluding vehicles.

# **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

## INTEREST SYNCHRONIZATION

1. Pro Forma Rate Base		\$239,948,387	(A)
2. Weighted Cost of Debt		1.96%	(B)
3. Pro Forma Interest Expense		\$4,690,991	
4. Company Claim		4,468,553	(C)
5. Adjustment to Interest Expense		\$222,438	
6. Income Taxes @	21.00%	\$ <u>46,712</u>	

Sources:

(A) Schedule ACC-1.

(B) Weighted cost of long-term debt per Schedule ACC-2.

(C) Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement K.

Appendix B Schedule ACC-27

# **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# **INCOME TAX FACTOR**

1. Revenue	100.00%	
2. State Income Tax Rate	0.00%	(A)
3. Federal Taxable Income	100.00%	
4. Income Taxes @ 21%	21.00%	(A)
5. Operating Income	79.00%	
6. Total Tax Rate	<u>21.00</u> %	(B)

Sources:

(A) Rates per Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement K.

(B) Line 2 + Line 4.

# Appendix B Schedule ACC-28

# **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# **REVENUE MULTIPLIER**

1. Revenue	100.00%	
2. Uncollectible Rate	0.65%	(A)
3. Taxable Income	99.35%	
4. State Income Tax @ 0.0%	0.00%	(B)
5. Federal Taxable Income	99.35%	
6. Income Taxes @ 21%	20.86%	(B)
7. Operating Income	78.49%	
8. Revenue Multiplier	1.274120	(C)

Sources:

(A) Rate per Schedule ACC-14.

(B) Rates per Company Filing, KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2, Statement K.

(C) Line 1 / Line 7.

## Appendix B Schedule ACC-29

# **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

# **TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

# **REVENUE REQUIREMENT IMPACT OF ADJUSTMENTS**

1. Rate of Return	(\$2,099,281)
<ul> <li>Rate Base Adjustments:</li> <li>2. Utility Plant in Service</li> <li>3. Accumulated Depreciation</li> <li>4. Deferred Income Tax Assets</li> <li>5 Acc. Deferred Inc. Taxes-Property</li> <li>6 ADIT - Other</li> <li>7 Allocated BHSC ADIT and EDIT</li> </ul>	782,601 81,945 9,792 (123,767) 1,253 18,242
Operating Income Adjustments 8. Residential Revenue 9. Weather Normalization Adjustment 10. Salary and Wage Expense 11. Incentive Compensation Expense 12. Payroll Tax Expense 13. Salary and Wage Expense - BHSC 14. Pension and OPEB Expense 15. Amortization of Pension Tracker 16. Uncollectible Expense 17. Rate Case Expense 18. Data Improvement Integrity Program 19. Research and Development Expense 20. Meals and Entertainment Expense 21. Payment Fee Expense 22. Depreciation Expense 23. Interest Synchronization	· · · /
24. Revenue Multiplier	37,946
25. Total Recommended Adjustments	(\$4,372,732)
26. Company Claim	10,199,943
27. Recommended Revenue Requireme	<u>\$5,827,211</u>

#### **BLACK HILLS ENERGY**

## TEST YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

### PRO FORMA INCOME STATEMENT

	_	Per Company	Recommended Adjustments	Pro Forma Present Rates	Recommended Rate Adjustment	Pro Forma Proposed Rates
1. Operating Revenues		\$52,260,734	\$613,287	\$52,874,021	\$5,827,211	\$58,701,232
<ol> <li>2. Operating Expenses</li> <li>3. Depreciation and Amortian 4. Taxes Other Than Incom</li> </ol>		27,054,450 10,019,048 6,373,210	(2,526,718) 242,223 (124,551)	24,527,732 10,261,271 6,248,659	37,947 0 0	24,565,679 10,261,271 6,248,659
5. Taxable Income Before Interest Exper	nses	\$8,814,026	\$3,022,333	\$11,836,359	\$5,789,265	\$17,625,623
6. Interest Expense	_	4,468,553	222,438	4,690,991		4,690,991
7. Taxable Income		\$4,345,473	\$2,799,895	\$7,145,368	\$5,789,265	\$12,934,632
8. Income Taxes @	21.00%	633,169	587,978	1,221,147	1,215,746	2,436,892
9. Operating Income		\$8,180,857	\$2,434,355	\$10,615,212	\$4,573,519	\$15,188,731
10. Rate Base		\$230,337,779		\$239,948,387		\$239,948,387
11. Rate of Return		<u>3.55%</u>		<u>4.42%</u>		<u>6.33%</u>

## APPENDIX C

# **REFERENCED DATA REQUESTS**

CURB-25 CURB-26 CURB-27

CURB-28

CURB-33

CURB-63\*

CURB-70\*\*

CURB-80

KCC-160\*

KCC-163 (Supplement) \*\*

KCC-169

KCC-175

KCC-177

KCC-178

KCC-184

KCC-196\*

KCC-213 (Supplement)

KCC-219\*

# KCC-230

\* Voluminous – does not include all attachments

\*\* Does not include Confidential attachments

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/14/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/28/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/28/2021
SUBJECT:	Adjustment RB-1 Update
REFERENCE:	Adjustment RB-1

### REQUEST:

Please provide an update to Adjustment RB-1, based on actual results through June 30, 2021.

### **RESPONSE**:

Please see the attached file, which reflects actual direct Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC plant additions through June 30, 2021.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment CURB-25 RB-1 Actuals at June 30 2021.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: 07/28/2021

## BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC CURB-25: RB-1 ADJUSTMENT FOR ADDITIONS AS OF 6/30/2021

	As Originally Filed	Based on Actual Results As of June 30, 2021
LINE NO.	RB-1 CAP ADDS	RB-1 CAPITAL ADDITIONS
001 GAS PLANT	20,932,095	31,653,028
002 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION RESERVE	132,312	177,263
003 NET GAS PLANT	\$20,799,783	\$31,475,765

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/14/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/28/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/28/2021
SUBJECT:	Adjustment RB-2 Update
REFERENCE:	Adjustment RB-2

## REQUEST:

Please provide an update to Adjustment RB-2, based on actual results through June 30, 2021.

### RESPONSE:

Please see the attached file, which reflects actual direct Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC plant retirements through June 30, 2021.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment CURB-26 RB-2 Actuals at June 30 2021.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: 07/28/2021

# BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC CURB-26: RB-2 ADJUSTMENT FOR RETIREMENTS AS OF 6/30/2021

	As Originally Filed	Based on Actual Results As of June 30, 2021
LINE	RB-2	RB-2
NO.	CAP RETIRES	CAP RETIRES
001 GAS PLANT	(1,935,841)	(3,561,044)
002 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION RESERVE	(1,861,524)	(3,561,044)
003 NET GAS PLANT	(\$74,317)	(\$0)

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/14/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/28/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/28/2021
SUBJECT:	Adjustment RB-3 Update
REFERENCE:	Adjustment RB-3

### REQUEST:

Please provide an update to Adjustment RB-3, based on actual results through June 30, 2021.

#### RESPONSE:

Please see the attached file, which reflects actual results through June 30, 2021.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment CURB-27 RB-3 Actuals at June 30 2021.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: 07/28/2021

## BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC CURB-27: RB-3 ADJUSTMENT FOR CAM AS OF 6/30/2021

		As Originally Filed	Based on Actual Results As of June 30, 2021
LINE		RB-3	RB-3
NO.		CAM ADJUST	CAM ADJUST
001	GAS PLANT	511,244	1,182,571
002	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION RESERVE	25,267	712,053
003	NET GAS PLANT	\$485,977	\$470,518

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/14/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/28/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/28/2021
SUBJECT:	Adjustment RB-4 Update
REFERENCE:	Adjustment RB-4

### REQUEST:

Please provide an update to Adjustment RB-4, based on actual results through June 30, 2021.

#### **RESPONSE**:

Please see Attachment CURB-28, which provides an update based on actual results through June 30, 2021.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment CURB-28 RB-4 Actuals at June 30 2021.xlsx

#### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: 07/28/2021

# BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC CURB-28: RB-4 ADJUSTMENT FOR DEPR ROLLFORWARD AS OF 6/30/2021

	As Originally Filed	Based on Actual Results As of June 30, 2021
LINE	RB-4	RB-4
NO.	DEPR ROLL FWD	DEPR ROLL FWD

001	GAS PLANT		
002	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION RESERVE	5,338,434	5,283,520
003	NET GAS PLANT	(\$5,338,434)	(\$5,283,520)

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/14/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/28/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/28/2021
SUBJECT:	Exhibit RRs-2, Statement J
REFERENCE:	Exhibit RRS-2, Statement J

## REQUEST:

Regarding Exhibit RRS-2, Statement J, please quantify the amount of the \$1,119,520 that is based on a) annualization of test year plant and b) the proposed new depreciation rates.

### RESPONSE:

The depreciation expense increase in the as-filed revenue requirement model of \$1,119,520 is shown below.

- a) \$826,669 Annualization of Test Year plant
- b) \$292,851 Proposed new depreciation rates

## ATTACHMENTS:

None.

## Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: 07/28/2021

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/02/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/16/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Douglas Hyatt
DATE RESPONDED:	08/16/2021
SUBJECT:	Revenue Adjustments
REFERENCE:	Testimony of Douglas Hyatt

<u>REQUEST</u>: Regarding the testimony of Mr. Hyatt at page 7, what would be the impact on the Company's revenue heating adjustment of \$430,453 per Exhibit DNH-3, if the Company had used a 30-year normal to determine its heating adjustment instead of the 10-year period discussed by Mr. Hyatt? Please include supporting calculations with your response.

## RESPONSE:

If a 30-year rolling normal heating degree days based upon the period of 1991-2020 is used, the normalization for residential customers would be 3,580,932, and for commercial customers would be 1,388,263 as shown on tab labeled DNH-3 Test Year Normalization of the attached file.

### ATTACHMENTS:

CURB 6-63 KSG Direct Exhibit DNH-x Billing Determinants.xls

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: 08/16/2021

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/02/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/16/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Chandra Mengel
DATE RESPONDED:	08/16/2021
SUBJECT:	Compensation
REFERENCE:	

<u>REQUEST</u>: Please provide the salary pay grades for a) Black Hills and b) Black Hills Service Company and identify the minimum and maximum salary levels for each pay grade.

### **RESPONSE**:

Salary levels for non-union employees are the same for both Black Hills Kansas and Black Hills Service Company. See CURB-70 ATTACHMENT A CONFIDENTIAL 2021 Exempt and Non-Exempt Pay Structure for exempt and non-exempt pay grades.

For the Black Hills union employees, see CURB-70 ATTACHMENT B CONFIDENTIAL CWA 6407 Wage Schedule. Union employees are not subject to pay grades as their wages are set by the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment CURB-70 ATTACHMENT A CONFIDENTIAL 2021 Exempt and Non-Exempt Pay Structure.pdf

Attachment CURB-70 ATTACHMENT B CONFIDENTIAL CWA 6407 Wage Schedule.pdf

#### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: 08/16/2021

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/06/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/20/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Joseph R. Astrab
ANSWERED BY:	Rob Daniel
DATE RESPONDED:	08/20/2021
SUBJECT:	Accounting
REFERENCE:	CURB-25

<u>REQUEST</u>: Regarding the response to CURB-25, please explain why actual plant additions from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 were over 50% higher than projected in the original application.

### **RESPONSE**:

Upon review of the Company's projected plant additions in the original application, the estimated additions through June 30, 2021, inadvertently excluded the balances in Construction Work in Progress (CWIP) for capital projects as of December 31, 2020. The projected additions reflected the estimated capital costs that were expected to be incurred after December 31, 2020 and be in service by June 30, 2021. Accordingly, actual plant additions from January 1, 2021, through June 30, 2021, were higher than the original projection due to CWIP balances as of December 31, 2020 having also been placed into service as of June 30, 2021. The Company's actual plant additions through June 30, 2021, as provided in response to CURB-25, reflect capital investments that are used and useful in providing utility service to customers.

### ATTACHMENTS:

None.

## Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: 08/20/2021

## BLACK HILLS / KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY DOCKET NO. 21-BHCG-418-RTS KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION DATA REQUEST NO. KCC-160

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/09/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/20/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Kristina Luke Fry
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/20/2021
SUBJECT:	Intercompany Charges (IS-21)
REFERENCE:	

### REQUEST:

- 1. Regarding the Travel Expense portion of the IS-21 adjustment:
  - a. For the years 2018-2020, please provide the vendor listing and business purposes for expenses recording in those periods, similar to what was provided in data request 134.
- 2. Regarding the Wages & Salaries portion of the IS-21 adjustment:
  - a. Please update this portion of the adjustment to reflect actual Wages & Salaries for the 12 months ending June 30, 2021.

### **RESPONSE:**

- 1a. See attached file, Attachment KCC-160 Travel Detail.xlsx
- 2a. The Test Year expenses (Column (a) on Schedule H-8 of KSG Direct Exhibit RRS-2) of \$13,771,001 includes \$9,247,607 for Wages & Salaries. The actual expenses for Wages & Salaries for the 12 months ending June 30, 2021 for this schedule was \$9,328,329, as shown in attached file, Attachment KCC-160 Shared Services Wages and Salaries.xlsx. The Test

Year, As Adjusted Expenses portion of Adjustment IS-21 relating to Wages and Salaries is \$10,122,140 as shown in column (e) of the attached file.

As discussed starting on line 16, page 42 in my direct testimony, the actual expenses recorded for the 12 months ending December 31, 2020 do not reflect the normal ongoing operating expenses related to wages and salaries charged to Black Hills from Black Hills Service Company (BHSC), so an adjustment of \$874,533 was made to reflect known and measurable changes to this expense.

There are three components of this wages and salaries adjustment, and considering an alternative 12 month period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 does not capture the full costs of these three components:

- Annualize the costs of new positions hired during 2020 where the Test Year does not capture a full year of labor costs: \$277,137. This portion of the adjustment annualizes the costs of new positions hired during 2020 as well as the costs of existing employees whose departments were realigned from Black Hills-direct to BHSC-allocated costs. Personnel attrition was factored into the adjustment, as no adjustment was made to annualize existing BHSC positions that were temporarily open during the Test Year between the time an employee terminated employment and a replacement was hired. The specific positions annualized in this portion of the wage and salary adjustment were new positions within the organization. To be clear, "new position" for this adjustment is not the same as a "new employee".
- <u>Annual merit adjustments and in-grade promotions that occurred in</u> <u>March 2021:</u> \$286,414. This portion of the adjustment includes the known and measurable increase to wages and salaries expense that was effective February 22, 2021 and paid to non-union employees starting on March paychecks.
- <u>Annualize the O&M costs for additional headcount that exclusively</u> <u>support Black Hills operations:</u> \$310,982. All but one of these positions were hired in the second quarter of 2021. The final position has been accepted and the employee will start work August 16, 2021.

Actual Wages and Salaries on this adjustment for the 12 months ending June 30, 2021 does not reflect the actual known and measurable changes to expenses as listed above.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-160 ATTACHMENT A Travel Detail.xlsx Attachment KCC-160 ATTACHMENT B Shared Services Wages and Salaries.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: July 20, 2021

# BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC DR KCC 9-160: Travel Expense Adjustment

Sum of MONETARY_AMOUNT	Column Labels			
Row Labels	2018	2019	2020	Grand Total
814000	(0.00)			(0.00)
830000	0.00			0.00
840000	-			-
850000	3,303.13	8,262.67	2,035.79	13,601.59
852000		37.47	7.82	45.29
857000		0.74		0.74
859000	46.81	85.83	17.23	149.87
861000		487.76		487.76
863000		50.25		50.25
870000	38,772.37	49,766.39	21,039.95	109,578.71
874000	15.67	36.75		52.42
878000		8.90		8.90
880000	7,004.03	6,524.25	5,673.23	19,201.51
885000	669.37			669.37
887000		71.95	85.61	157.56
888000			39.38	39.38
893000	6,580.03	6,429.56	2,682.02	15,691.61
901000	5,060.79	3,649.56	512.82	9,223.17
902000	102.14	0.42	49.26	151.82
902002	0.65			0.65
903000	24,133.21	20,757.79	5,692.03	50,583.03
903002	4.09			4.09
905000	1,508.45	1,153.28		2,661.73
907000	688.57	1,665.69	599.22	2,953.48
908000	4,083.38	4,447.87	74.62	8,605.87
910000	297.70	74.88	38.11	410.69
912000	3,580.57	3,888.74	1,087.11	8,556.42
916000	111.02	83.06		194.08
921000	217,083.84	300,034.64	60,818.19	577,936.67
925000	0.60			0.60
930200	8,255.85	4,270.84	915.16	13,441.85
Grand Total	321,302.27	411,789.29	101,367.55	834,459.11

# BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC INTERCOMPANY CHARGES FROM BLACK HILLS SERVICE COMPANY - Wages and Salaries

			(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 3)				
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	da.
Line No.	FERC Acct. No.	(c ) Description	(d) Total Per Book Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020	(6) Non-Wage & Salaries Per Book Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020	(1) Wage & Salaries Per Book Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020	(g) Wages & Salaries Per Book 12 Months Ended June 30, 2021	(n) Wages & Salaries Adjustment for Annualization of BHSC Employees	(1) Test Year <u>As Adjusted</u>	(j) Increase/ (Decrease)
1	850	TRANS OPS SUPERV & ENG	108,187	6,157	102,031	80,866	1.974	104,004	1.974
2	851	System control and load dispatching.	261		261		15	276	15
3	852	COMMUNICATION SYS EXP	247	247		-	-		-
4	856	Mains expenses.				-	-		
5	857	Measuring and regulating station expenses.							
6	859	OTHER TRANS OPS EXP	156,933	151,982	4,952	7,549	56	5,007	56
7	860	Rents.				-			
8	861	TRANS MAINT SUPERV & ENGIN	170	170		1,253			
9	863	TRANS MAINT OF MAINS	•			-	-		
10	864	Maintenance of compressor station equipment.							
11	865	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment.							·*
12	867	Maintenance of other equipment.						-	-
13	870	DIST OPS SUPERVISION AND ENGIN	823,297	311.995	511,302	522,229	193,293	704,596	193,293
14	871	DIST LOAD DISPATCHING	4		4	4,483	0	4	0
15	874	OPER/INSPECT UG DIST MAINS-GAS	269		269	303	1	270	1
16	875 876	DIST MEAS & REG STAT - GENERAL ng and regulating station expenses—Industrial.	120		120		1	121	1
18	877	Measuring and regulating station expenses—City gate check stations.					-		
19	878	OPER/INSP MTRS COLLECT DATAGAS	911		911		25	936	25
20	879	Customer installations expenses.	511		211				
21	880	DIST OPS OTHER EXPENSE	24,498	8,408	16,091	18,273	72	16,162	72
22	881	DIST OPER RENTS	1,122	1,122					
23	885	Maintenance supervision and engineering.							2
24	886	Maintenance of structures and improvements.							-
25	887	PERF UG DISTRIB LINE MAINT-GAS	86	86	-				-
26	888	DIST MAINT COMPR STATION EQUIP	55	39	15	1,605	0	15	0
27	889	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment—General.			-				
28	890	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment—Industrial.							
29	891	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment-City gate check sta	tions		-			-	
30	892	Maintenance of services.							
31	893	DIST MAINT METERS & HSE REGS	67,190	16,641	50,550	57,433	1,043	51,592	1,043
32	894	Maintenance of other equipment.							
33	901	CUST ACCTS SUPERVISION	91,723	(11,780)	103,504	100,235	2,718	106,222	2,718
34 35	902 903	READ METERS CUST ACCTS RECORDS & COLLECTIO	21,662	98 690,541	21,564 1,108,371	12,917 1,107,562	239 46,089	21,804 1,154,460	239 46,089
35	905	MISC CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS	1.798.912 53.857	59	53,798	53,122	1,700	55,498	1,700
37	907	CUSTOMER SERVICE SUPERVISION	41,537	(3.673)	45,211	40,691	1.397	46,607	1,397
38	908	CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE EXP	167,081	(10,552)	177,633	216,776	5,080	182.713	5,080
39	909	INFORMATIONAL & INSTRUCT ADS	203		203	391	5	208	5
40	910	MISC CUST SERVICE & INFO	40	40		45			
41	912	SALES DEMONSTRATING & SELLING	121,787	13,084	108,703	110,690	2,786	111,489	2.786
42	913	SALES ADVERTISING EXPENSES (Note	:1) 28,801	28,801		-			-
43	920	ADMIN AND GENERAL SALARIES	5,052,558	2,344	5,050,214	5,170,632	556,135	5,606,349	556,135
44	921	OFFICE SUPPLIES & EXPENSE	1,148,825	1,103,213	45,612	44,085	-	45,612	-
45	922	ADMIN EXP TRANS CREDIT	(1,095,639)	(1,095,639)	-		-		-
46	923	OUTSIDE SERVICES	1,018,380	1,018,380	-	-	-		-
47	924	PROPERTY INSURANCE	6.975	6,975					
48	925 926	INJURIES AND DAMAGES EMPLOYEE PENSIONS & BENEFITS	374,591 1,586,003	374,591 (259,234)	1,845,238	1,770,438	61,746	1,906,984	61,746
49	926	Regulatory commission expenses.	1,586,003	(259,234) 172,226	1,040,238	1,770,438	01,740	1,990,984	01,740
51	929	DUPLICATE CHARGES - CREDIT	172,226	172,228					
52	930.1	GENERAL ADVERTISING (Note		477.150	(4)	157	-	(4)	
53	930.2	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL EXP	32,267	28,330	3,938	5,914	124	4.061	124
54	931	RENT EXPENSE	797,823	797,823		-			
55	932	MAINTENANCE GENERAL PLANT GAS	690,887	693,769	(2,882)	682	34	(2,848)	34
56		Total	\$ 13,771,001	\$ 4,523,394	\$ 9,247,607	\$ 9,328,329	\$ 874,533	\$ 10,122,140	\$ 874,533
57									

(Note 1) Removed pro forma adjusted balances in accounts 930.1 and 913 related to advertising. (Note 2) These expenses are a combination of Assigned. Distributed and indirect allocated charges to Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC from Black Hills Service Company without any additional fees. All costs are charged to Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC from Black Hills Service Company without any additional fees. All costs are charged to Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC from Black Hills Service Company without any additional fees. All costs are charged to Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC from Black Hills Service Company without any additional fees. All costs are charged to Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, The allocation methods for indirect charges are described in the Cost Allocation Manual. (Note 3) Total Per Bock Expenses for Year Ended Debember 31, 2020 are split: Wages & Salaries are shown in column (1) and Other Expenses, Non-Wages & Salaries are shown in column (e).

56 57 58 59 60 61

## BLACK HILLS / KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY DOCKET NO. 21-BHCG-418-RTS KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION DATA REQUEST NO. KCC-163 - SUPPLEMENT

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/09/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/20/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Kristina Luke Fry
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	07/30/2021
SUBJECT:	Payroll
REFERENCE:	

#### REQUEST:

Please provide a copy of the "Sched H-5" workpaper updated to actual amounts as of June 30, 2021.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE:

Please see the attached Confidential file. This attachment provided below updates the workpaper for Schedule H-5 with the direct employee census data for 130 employees as of July 31, 2021.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC -163 SUPP.1 CONFIDENTIAL Additional Payroll.xls

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: July 30, 2021

## BLACK HILLS / KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY DOCKET NO. 21-BHCG-418-RTS KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION DATA REQUEST NO. KCC-169

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/12/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/21/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	lan Campbell
ANSWERED BY:	Ken Crouch
DATE RESPONDED:	07/21/2021
SUBJECT:	ADIT
REFERENCE:	

#### REQUEST:

Please provide the Accumulated Deferred Income Tax (ADIT) balances in a format similar to Stmt E in the Application as of June 30, 2021.

#### RESPONSE:

Please refer to the Attachment to KCC-169 for the ADIT balances as of June 30, 2021 in a format similar to Sched M-1 in the Application.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-169 ADIT as of June 30, 2021

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: July 21, 2021

#### BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

KCC-169

			(a)	(b)	(c) Adjusted
ine #	Account	Description	June 30, 2021 Ending Balance	Pro Forma Adjustment	Other Rate Base Reductions
1		Deferred Income Tax Assets			
2		DTA LT - VACATION:	82,971		82,971
3		DTA LT - BAD DEBT RESERVE:	1,278,717	(37,093)	1,241,624
4		DTA LT - EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE:	6,283	(01,000)	6,283
5		DTA LT - AIP BONUS:	(43,334)		(43,334
6		DTA LT - WORKMANS COMP:	(12,419)		(12,419
7		DTA LT-OTHER:	2,149		2,149
8		DTA LT-RETIREE HEALTHCARE:	4,144		4,144
9		DTA LT-TAX ON TAX FED GROSS UP - TCJA	3,394,279	(883,134)	2,511,145
		DTA LT-TAX ON TAX FED GROSS UP - KS HB2585	784,086	(784,086)	
11		DTA LT-PERFORMANCE PLAN:	(888)	(1011000)	(888)
12		DTA LT-LINE EXTENSION DEP GAS:	43,679		43,679
13		DTA LT-PENSION FAS 87:	(516,886)		(516,886
14		DTA LT-PENSION FAS 158 LIAB:	1,390,824		1,390,824
15		DTA LT-RET HLTH FAS158 LIAB:	377,191		377,19
16	190300.DT4165	DTA LT-NOL CARRYFORWARD:		32,992	32,992
17		DTA LT-INS RESERVE LIAB:	21,616	01,001	21,610
18	190300.DT4415	DTA LT - ALT FUEL VEHICLE CREDIT:	50,000		50,000
19	190300.DT4430	DTA LT - R&D CREDIT:	434,081		434,08
20	190300.DT4466	DTA LT - PUC FEES:	84,262		84,263
21	190998.DT2092	DTA LT - SVC CO FAS 109 OTHER:	162,124		162,124
22		Total Deferred Income Tax Assets	7,542,879	(1,671,321)	5,871,55
23					
24		Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Property			
25	282300.DT4063	DEF TAX PROPERTY LT-ACCELERATED DEP:	(27,807,472)	(67,307)	(27,874,77
26		Total Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Property	(27,807,472)	(67,307)	(27,874,77
27					
28		Regulatory Liabilities for federal TCJA EDIT			
29	DFTX.DT5000	PROTECTED PROPERTY RB	(12,268,144)	278,676	(11,989,46
30	DFTX.DT5001	NON-PROTECTED PROPERTY EDIT	(3,636,109)	3,636,109	-
31	DFTX.DT5002	PROTECTED NOL DDIT	184,834	(184,834)	-
32	DFTX.DT5003	NON-PROTECTED, NON-PROPERTY EDIT	540,107	(540,107)	-
33	DFTX.DT5005	NON-REFUNDED ARAM	(1,015,555)	1,015,555	-
34		Total Regulatory Liabilities for federal TCJA EDIT	(16,194,866)	4,205,398	(11,989,46
35					
36		Regulatory Liabilities for Kansas EDIT			
37	254015.DT1500	REG LIAB EXCESS DEF STATE INCOME TAX - HB2585	\$ (3,733,744)	3,733,744 3,733,744	-
38 39		Total Regulatory Liabilities for Kansas EDIT	(3,733,744)	3,733,744	
40		Accumulated Deferred Income Taxon, Other			
40	202200 074040	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other	(10 517)		(19,51
42	283300.DT4040	DTL LT - PREPAID EXPENSES:	(19,517)		(22,31)
43	283300.DT4098	DTL LT - DEFERRED REGULATORY: DTL LT-OTHER REGULATORY LIABILITIES:	(22,312) (105)		(10
43	283300.DT4110				(136,35
45	283300.DT4130	DTL LT-RETIREE HEALTHCARE:	(136,352)		(150,55
45	283300.DT4150 283300.DT4155	DTL LT-LT RATE CASE ASSET: DTL LT-REG PSC PENSION ASSET:	- 0		-
47	283300.DT4155	DTL LT-LT REG OTHER ASSET:	(496,148)		(496,14
48	285500.014201	Total Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes - Other	(674,432)		(674,43
49		Total Accululated Deletted Income Taxes - Other	(014,452)		(014,40
50		Allocated Black Hills Service Company ADIT & EDIT			
51	282998.DT4060	BHSC ALLOC DEF TAX PROPERTY-LT ACCELERATED DEP	(1,650,722)	(23,139)	(1,673,86
52		BHSC ALLOC REG LIAB EDIT	(1,000,722) (580,358)	(20,100)	(580,35
53	234550	Total Allocated Black Hills Service Company ADIT & EDIT	(2,231,080)	(23,139)	
54		Total Anosated Black mile Service Company ADIT & EDIT	(2,231,000)	(20,109)	(2,254,21
55	235000	CUSTOMER DEPOSITS	(1,323,084)		(1,323,08
55	252000/252001	CUSTOMER ADVANCES	(1,323,084) (14,413)		(1,525,08
56		COSTONER ADVANCES	(14,413)		(14,4)
56 57	252000/252001				

Schedule M-1

## BLACK HILLS / KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY DOCKET NO. 21-BHCG-418-RTS KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION DATA REQUEST NO. KCC-175

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/15/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/26/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Bill Baldry
ANSWERED BY:	Christianne Curran
DATE RESPONDED:	7/26/21
SUBJECT:	
REFERENCE:	Adjustment IS – 20 Pension and Retiree Healthcare

#### REQUEST:

Please update the amortization of the pension and retiree healthcare liability through June 30, 2021.

#### **RESPONSE**:

Please see Attachment KCC-175 6-30-21 Liability Amortization.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-175 6-30-21 Liability Amortization.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: July 26, 2021

## BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC

## THROUGH JUNE 30, 2021

#### **ADJUSTMENT IS-20**

NO.	AMORTIZATION OF PENSION & RETIREE HEALTHCARE LIABII	JTY ADJU	JSTMENT
001	GAS SALES REVENUES		0
002	OTHER REVENUES	1	0
003	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	0
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
004	PURCHASED GAS		0
005	O & M		(1,135,975)
006	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	(1,135,975)
007	DEPRECIATION & AMORTIZATION		0
008	TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME		0
009	CUSTOMER DEPOSIT INTEREST EXPENSE		0
010	INCOME TAXES		238,555
011	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	(897,420)
012	TOTAL UTILITY OPERATING INCOME	\$	897,420

#### BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC AMORTIZATION OF PENSION AND RETIREE HEALTHCARE LIABILITY THROUGH JUNE 30, 2021

No.	FERC Acct	Description	FERC Description	Reference		Amount
1	926	Retiree Healthcare Plan Tracker Liability E	Balance	(Note 1)	\$	(560,769)
2						
3		Amortization Period		5 Years		5
4				1.4 m 200 000		
5	926	Annual Amortization Amount	Employee Pensions and Benefits	$Ln.1 \div Ln.3$	\$	(112,154)
6						
7	926	Pension Plan Tracker Liability Balance		(Note 1)	\$	(5,119,104)
8						1.12
9		Amortization Period		5 Years		5
10					-	(1.000.001)
11	926	Annual Amortization Amount	Employee Pensions and Benefits	Ln.7 ÷ Ln.9	\$	(1,023,821)
12						
13	926	Total Annual Amortization Amount	Employee Pensions and Benefits	Ln.5 + Ln.11	\$	(1,135,975)
14						

15

16 (Note 1) Please see the testimony of Ms. Christianne Curran for an explanation of the regulatory liability related to the pension and retiree healthcare trackers.

### Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC Docket No. 21-BHCG-418-RTS 2021 Rate Review - CURB 31 Information Request Number 175

Cumulative Regulatory Asset/(Liability) Balances for Pension and Retiree Healthcare Trackers

		Ret	iree Healthca	re Pla	n Tracker Regulatory Asset/(Liab				y) Summary	Pension Plan Tracker Regulatory Asset/(Liability) Summary								
	(a)		(b)		(c)		(d)		(e)		(f)		(g)		(h)		(j)	
														E	xpense in			
						E	Expense in Cumulative							Excess of		(	Cumulative	
					Tracker	Exc	ess of (Less	R	legulatory	Tracke		Tracker	(Less than)		Regulatory			
	Balances as				Amount	tha	in) Amount	Asset/		Actual		Amount		Amount in		Asset/		
1	of	Actu	al Expense	1	Allowed	i	n Tracker	(Liability)		Expense		Allowed		Tracker			(Liability)	
2																		
3	12/31/2015	\$	238,116	\$	276,855	\$	(38,739)	\$	(38,739)	\$	1,409,845	\$	1,267,730	\$	142,115	\$	142,115	
4	12/31/2016	\$	172,776	\$	276,855	\$	(104,079)	\$	(142,817)	\$	638,099	\$	1,267,730	\$	(629,631)	\$	(487,516)	
5	12/31/2017	\$	189,959	\$	276,855	\$	(86,896)	\$	(229,713)	\$	130,836	\$	1,267,730	\$	(1,136,894)	\$	(1,624,410)	
6	12/31/2018	\$	185,503	\$	276,855	\$	(91,352)	\$	(321,065)	\$	419,396	\$	1,267,730	\$	(848,334)	\$	(2,472,745)	
7	12/31/2019	\$	157,149	\$	276,855	\$	(119,706)	\$	(440,771)	\$	150,176	\$	1,267,730	\$	(1,117,554)	\$	(3,590,299)	
8	12/31/2020	\$	178,426	\$	276,855	\$	(98,429)	\$	(539,200)	\$	351,522	\$	1,267,730	\$	(916,208)	\$	(4,506,507)	
9	6/30/2021	\$	116,858	\$	138,428	\$	(21,569)	\$	(560,769) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	21,268	\$	633,865	\$	(612,597)	\$	(5,119,104) <sup>(1)</sup>	
10																		

11 Note

12 (1) The general ledger balances as of June 30, 2021 in the Regulated Tracker Liability accounts are (\$568,571) and (\$5,127,721), respectively. The differences of (\$7,802)

and (\$8,617), are due to monthly tracker adjustments calculated by the difference between the Last Rate Review approved expense of \$276,855 and \$1,267,730, and

14 Actuarial provided annual Net Periodic Expense and estimated administrative expense. The accounts are adjusted at year-end for actual amounts.

## BLACK HILLS / KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC d/b/a BLACK HILLS ENERGY DOCKET NO. 21-BHCG-418-RTS KANSAS CORPORATION COMMISSION DATA REQUEST NO. KCC-177

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/15/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/26/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Bill Baldry
ANSWERED BY:	Christianne Curran
DATE RESPONDED:	7/26/21
SUBJECT:	
REFERENCE:	Pension Expense - Update

#### REQUEST:

Please provide the pension expense by month for the period of January 2019 through June 2021 for Black Hills / Kansas Gas Utility Company.

#### RESPONSE:

Please see Attachment KCC-177 Pension Expense By Month. The attachment includes actual incurred pension expense for the requested years but does not include the tracker adjustment component for the difference between actual pension expense and approved pension expense from the Company's 2014 Rate Review.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-177 Pension Expense by Month.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: July 26, 2021 Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC Docket No. 21-BHCG-418-RTS 2021 Rate Review Information Request Number 177 Pension Expense by Month for the Period January 2019 through June 2021

1	Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
2	2019	\$ 32,887	\$ 2,634	\$ 11,638	\$ 10,222	\$ 11,353	\$ 10,168	\$ 12,938	\$ 10,929	\$ 10,403	\$ 9,976	\$ 14,804	\$ 12,226	\$ 150,176
3	2020	\$ 91,440	\$ (4,911)	\$ 30,758	\$ 16,616	\$ 27,225	\$ 27,191	\$ 27,328	\$ 27,181	\$ 27,133	\$ 27,210	\$ 27,120	\$ 27,230	\$ 351,522
4	2021	\$ 7,486	\$ 7,534	\$ (21,539)	\$ 9,049	\$ 9,695	\$ 9,044							\$ 21,268

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/15/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/26/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Bill Baldry
ANSWERED BY:	Christianne Curran
DATE RESPONDED:	7/26/21
SUBJECT:	
REFERENCE:	Post-Retirement Benefit Expense-Update

#### REQUEST:

Please provide the post-retirement benefit expense by month for the period of January 2019 through June 2021 for Black Hills / Kansas Gas Utility Company.

### RESPONSE:

Please see Attachment KCC-178 Post Retirement Benefit Expense by Month. The attachment includes actual incurred post-retirement benefit expense for the requested years but does not include the tracker adjustment component for the difference between actual post-retirement benefit expense and approved post-retirement benefit expense from the Company's 2014 Rate Review.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-178 Post Retirement Benefit Expense by Month.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel Date: July 26, 2021

Black Hills/Kansas Gas Utility Company, LLC Docket No. 21-BHCG-418-RTS 2021 Rate Review Information Request Number 178 Post-Retirement Benefit Expense by Month for the Period January 2019 through June 2021

1		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
2	2019	\$ 14,465	\$ 18,663	\$ 12,615	\$ 12,687	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,441	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,444	\$ 12,305	\$ 157,149
3	2020	\$ 14,613	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 22,556	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 14,126	\$ 178,426
4	2021	\$ 18,182	\$ 18,182	\$ 26,533	\$ 18,034	\$ 17,893	\$ 18,034							\$ 116,858

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/16/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	07/26/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	
ANSWERED BY:	Kristi Johnson
DATE RESPONDED:	07/26/2021
SUBJECT:	Merit Increase
REFERENCE:	

### REQUEST:

Please provide the average merit increase granted for the years 2015-2021.

### **RESPONSE**:

Below is average merit increase percentage amount by year and the number of Black Hills Kansas direct employees receiving an increase in that year.

Note: Union employees are not eligible for merit increases, as base pay and potential annual increases are negotiated collectively.

Year	Avg Merit Increase	Employees That Received Merit
2015	3.01%	112
2016	3.09%	101
2017	3.07%	97
2018	2.57%	96
2019	2.62%	101
2020	2.77%	102
2021	3.04%	105

### ATTACHMENTS:

None.

# Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: July 26, 2021

DATE OF REQUEST:	07/28/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/06/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Kristina Luke Fry
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	08/06/2021
SUBJECT:	Intercompany Charges
REFERENCE:	Adjustment IS-21

### REQUEST:

Please provide, in the same format as the workpapers supporting Adjustment IS-21, the actual Wages and Salaries for the month of June 2021.

### RESPONSE:

Wages and Salaries for the month of June 2021 are shown on tab 'DR196 Wage & Salaries 6-21'.

As discussed in the response to KCC-160, the per book totals for the month of June do not fully reflect actual known and measurable changes to expenses for the additional headcount that exclusively support Black Hills operations because June 2021 did not include a full month of wages for all positions included in that portion of the adjustment. (This component of the Wage and Salary adjustment on Schedule H-8/Adjustment IS-21 is \$310,982.)

In addition, the benefits/overhead costs within the Wages and Salaries for an individual month are not representative of the full year of benefits since benefits are applied through a loading process. An individual month may experience either under-loading or over-loading, situations where the expenses loaded differ from the actual expenses

incurred. Loading rates are adjusted quarterly with an annual true-up in December to balance the year's activity.

### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-196 Shared Services Wages and Salaries for June 2021.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/Rob Daniel

Date: August 6, 2021

#### BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC INTERCOMPANY CHARGES FROM BLACK HILLS SERVICE COMPANY - Wages and Salaries For The Month of June 2021

KCC-196

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
	Lina	FERC		Wages & Salaries Per Book Month Ended
	Line No.	Acct. No.	Description	June 30, 2021
-				
	1	850	TRANS OPS SUPERV & ENG	7,373
	2	851	System control and load dispatching.	-
	3	852	COMMUNICATION SYS EXP	-
	4 5	856 857	Mains expenses. Measuring and regulating station expenses.	-
	6	859	OTHER TRANS OPS EXP	134
	7	860	Rents.	-
	8	861	TRANS MAINT SUPERV & ENGIN	-
	9	863	TRANS MAINT OF MAINS	-
	10	864	Maintenance of compressor station equipment.	-
	11	865	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment.	-
	12	867	Maintenance of other equipment.	-
	13	870	DIST OPS SUPERVISION AND ENGIN	52,518
	14	871	DIST LOAD DISPATCHING	858
	15	874	OPER/INSPECT UG DIST MAINS-GAS	-
	16	875	DIST MEAS & REG STAT - GENERAL	-
	17 18	876 877	ng and regulating station expenses—Industrial.	-
	18	878	Measuring and regulating station expenses—City gate check stations. OPER/INSP MTRS COLLECT DATAGAS	-
	20	879	Customer installations expenses.	-
	20	880	DIST OPS OTHER EXPENSE	1,465
	22	881	DIST OPER RENTS	-
	23	885	Maintenance supervision and engineering.	-
	24	886	Maintenance of structures and improvements.	<u>.</u>
	25	887	PERF UG DISTRIB LINE MAINT-GAS	
	26	888	DIST MAINT COMPR STATION EQUIP	1,541
	27	889	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment—General.	-
	28	890	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment—Industrial.	-
	29	891	Maintenance of measuring and regulating station equipment—City gate check stations.	-
	30 31	892 893	Maintenance of services. DIST MAINT METERS & HSE REGS	2,419
	31	893	Maintenance of other equipment.	2,419
	33	901	CUST ACCTS SUPERVISION	8,817
	34	902	READ METERS	1,011
	35	903	CUST ACCTS RECORDS & COLLECTIO	98,236
	36	905	MISC CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS	4,563
	37	907	CUSTOMER SERVICE SUPERVISION	3,285
	38	908	CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE EXP	20,059
	39	909	INFORMATIONAL & INSTRUCT ADS	194
	40	910	MISC CUST SERVICE & INFO	-
	41	912	SALES DEMONSTRATING & SELLING	7,006
	42	913	SALES ADVERTISING EXPENSES	-
	43	920	ADMIN AND GENERAL SALARIES	468,158
	44 45	921 922	OFFICE SUPPLIES & EXPENSE ADMIN EXP TRANS CREDIT	4,914
	45	923	OUTSIDE SERVICES	-
	40	924	PROPERTY INSURANCE	-
	48	925	INJURIES AND DAMAGES	
	49	926	EMPLOYEE PENSIONS & BENEFITS	130,940
	50	928	Regulatory commission expenses.	-
	51	929	DUPLICATE CHARGES - CREDIT	-
	52	930.1	GENERAL ADVERTISING	-
	53	930.2	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL EXP	290
	54	931	RENT EXPENSE	-
	55	932	MAINTENANCE GENERAL PLANT GAS	
	56		Total	\$ 813,780

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/04/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/13/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Kristina Luke Fry
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	08/19/2021
SUBJECT:	Compensation
REFERENCE:	

### REQUEST:

Please identify the total amount of a) AIP awards, b) restricted stock awards, and c) performance share awards incurred by Black Hills Kansas in each of the past five years. Please include awards for both Black Hills Kansas and as well as the amounts allocated to Black Hills Kansas by any affiliate or other entity that allocates costs to Black Hills Kansas. Also, please separately identify the amount of Test Year awards that were expensed vs. capitalized by Black Hills Kansas.

### SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE:

Black Hills completed further analysis and determined that the figures provided in the original attachment for the response to Request 213 were inaccurate for the Black Hills/Kansas Gas Direct Charges columns (Excel columns C through F). A corrected attachment is provided to replace the original attachment. There are no changes to the Allocated Charges portion of the attachment (Excel columns H through K).

### ATTACHMENTS:

Corrected Attachment KCC-213 AIP Restricted Stock and Performance Shares.xlsx

### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: August 19, 2021

# BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC

# AIP, RESTRICTED STOCK, AND PERFORMANCE SHARE AWARDS - Corrected

	Black Hills/Kansas Gas Direct Charges					Allocated Charges				
				Performance		Performance				
		AIP	<b>Restricted Stock</b>	Shares	STIP	AIP	<b>Restricted Stock</b>	Shares	STIP	
2016	Capitalized/Other	264,100.15	21,607.52	1,059.37	891.29	86,546.03	47,185.45	25,348.78	66,940.98	
	Regulated O&M	437,275.96	45,425.57	2,636.02	38,626.98	366,410.58	197,933.83	106,333.19	291,524.33	
	TOTAL 2016	701,376.11	67,033.09	3,695.39	39,518.27	452,956.61	245,119.28	131,681.97	358,465.31	
2017	Capitalized/Other	189,838.95	17,893.35	4,341.72	16,069.83	85,413.03	51,331.12	8,126.20	42,398.64	
2027	Regulated O&M	422,293.67	36,276.03	10,372.17	38,773.78	351,459.27	215,324.01	20,857.58	172,542.37	
	TOTAL 2017	612,132.62	54,169.38	14,713.89	54,843.61	436,872.30	266,655.13	28,983.78	214,941.01	
2018	Capitalized/Other	53,184.14	23,988.13	13,569.50	(7,060.84)	92,322.21	57,471.37	44,060.11	66,535.91	
	Regulated O&M	541,503.31	37,211.51	24,127.38	39,255.34	352,474.09	220,693.18	166,452.16	254,488.12	
	TOTAL 2018	594,687.45	61,199.64	37,696.88	32,194.50	444,796.30	278,164.55	210,512.27	321,024.03	
2019	Capitalized/Other	326,877.59	25,142.02	10,514.73	33,833.13	110,580.11	53,333.70	39,091.08	57,209.03	
2010	Regulated O&M	492,835.94	42,353.29	20,458.86	48,220.96	412,257.17	198,835.07	147,748.76	213,282.73	
	TOTAL 2019	819,713.53	67,495.31	30,973.59	82,054.09	522,837.28	252,168.77	186,839.84	270,491.76	
2020	Capitalized/Other	218,733.22	30,068.79	4,491.93	23,129.06	139,551.58	55,401.38	9,713.47	81,867.82	
	Regulated O&M	563,194.36	45,020.13	7,471.83	52,076.11	461,963.83	183,397.70	33,151.56	271,010.62	
	TOTAL 2020	781,927.58	75,088.92	11,963.76	75,205.17	601,515.41	238,799.08	42,865.03	352,878.44	

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/10/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/19/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	Kristina Luke Fry
ANSWERED BY:	Ann Stichler
DATE RESPONDED:	08/19/2021
SUBJECT:	Rate Case Expense
REFERENCE:	

#### REQUEST:

- 1. Please provide a detailed update of rate case expense. This update should include:
  - a. Invoices from vendors;
  - b. Hours worked and hourly rate of each vendor;
  - Explanation as to why the company sought outside vendors instead of internal employees to discuss specific issues.

#### **RESPONSE**:

Please see the following attachment for the summary of rate case expenses through August 16, 2021: Attachment KCC-219 Rate Case Expense Summary.

- Please see Attachment KCC-219 Rate Case Expense Invoices for invoices from vendors.
- b. Please see Attachment KCC-219 Rate Case Expense Invoices for hours worked and hourly rate of each vendor, where applicable.

c. For many of the same reasons relied upon by other parties in this proceeding, the Company relies on external experts to provide subject matter expertise that does not exist internally within Black Hills. An external subject matter expert may also assist the internal Black Hills subject matter expert, to the extent that the internal subject matter expert requires additional support and knowledge to timely and efficiently address the areas of the rate application within his/her expertise. The external subject matter experts also bring experience and knowledge of Black Hills along with regulatory knowledge and experience with jurisdictions other than Kansas. This experience and expertise results in a more thorough and comprehensive rate case application and responses to discovery requests.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment KCC-219 ATTACHMENT A Rate Case Expenses.xlsx Attachment KCC-219 ATTACHMENT B Rate Case Expense Invoices.pdf

#### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: August 19, 2021

#### Attachment KCC-219 Rate Case Expenses through 8/16/2021

CRED KODRNAMON ARNINDATE DEZTACON OZUNTI PROD RESI WORKORDE	DERIAMOUNT IVCHRID AP BUIVENDORID JRN UNE DESCR	URNILLN REFICHARTFIELD DESCR			INVOICE DT Invoice [ExpReportID]
50504 APAC423006 11/20/2020 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00098325 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	11/10/2020 0677605605
50504 APAC428486 12/30/2020 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496	5,735.00 00146965 80802 0000074755 KANSAS DEPRECIATION STUDY	00146965 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	12/28/2020 067760-5741
50504 APAC431094 1/18/2021 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496	11,470.00 00147798 80802 0000074755 KANSAS GAS DEPRECIATION STUDY	00147798 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	1/12/2021 067760-5809
50504 APAC432158 1/26/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496	287.85 00147672 80802 0000027428 LEGAL FEES - KS RATE REVIEW	00147672 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	1/4/2021 35444
50504 APAC435896 2/22/2021 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00149563 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	2/17/2021 067760-5907
50504 APAC436048 2/23/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496	48.45 00148785 80802 0000027428 LEGAL FEES - Rate Review	00148785 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	1/30/2021 35540
50504 APAC437533 3/3/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496	106.01 00149683 80802 0000050415 VERBATIM SMARTDISK 8GB	00149683 LEGAL FEES	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL CDW DIRECT LLC	2/22/2021 8342914
50504 APAC438503 3/9/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00150066 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	3/1/2021 40047
50504 APAC440819 3/25/2021 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00101771 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	3/24/2021 067760-111580
50504 APAC442578 4/6/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00101948 CONSULTING FEES	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL NAVILLUS UTILITY CONSULTING LLC	4/1/2021 2021-11
50504 APAC443644 4/13/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00151427 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	4/1/2021 40167
50504 APAC444575 4/20/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00102225 CONSULTING FEES	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL FINCAP INC	3/31/2021 01819
50504 APAC447698 5/10/2021 4715 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00102811 CONSULTING FEES	SC-F&A LEADERSHIP	KSG GENERAL GANNETT FLEMING VALUATION AND RATE	5/3/2021 067760-113960
50504 APAC447877 5/11/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00152587 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	5/3/2021 40259
50504 APAC448950 5/19/2021 5383 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00103082 CONSULTING FEES	KSG-ENERGY DLVR-OPS-LAWRENCE	KSG GENERAL FINCAP INC	4/30/2021 01819
50504 APAC450208 5/27/2021 4704 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00153350 CONSULTING FEES	SC-TAX	KSG GENERAL PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP	5/20/2021 1034872729-7
50504 APAC451140 6/3/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00103583 CONSULTING FEES	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL NAVILLUS UTILITY CONSULTING LLC	5/1/2021 2021-13
50504 APAC452064 6/9/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00153651 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	5/29/2021 40431
50504 EXACC54874 6/30/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1600 10075496		0000202391 AIR TRANSPORTATION	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL DELTA AIR 0062457133518	0000202391
50504 APAC456806 7/13/2021 4822 186002 132900 103 1809 10075496		00104512 CONSULTING FEES	SC-REGULATORY & FINANCE	KSG GENERAL NAVILLUS UTILITY CONSULTING LLC	7/1/2021 2021-24
50504 APAC459353 7/30/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00155856 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL THE COMMUNICATION COUNSEL OF AMERICA INC	7/28/2021 21-000708F
50504 APAC461130 8/11/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00156063 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	8/2/2021 40625
50504 APAC461130 8/11/2021 4706 186002 132900 103 1800 10075496		00156357 LEGAL FEES	SC-LEGAL - CORPORATE	KSG GENERAL ANDERSON & BYRD LLP	7/1/2021 40492
Sub-total Rate Case Expenses through 8/16/2021	112,324.42				
Correction Needed: Tax applied in error (Inv. #40167)	(316.78)				
Correction Needed: Recalculation of rate case exp (Inv. #35444)	379.10				

ion of rate Adjusted Rate Case Expense through 8/16/2021 379.10

DATE OF REQUEST:	08/17/2021
DATE RESPONSE DUE:	08/20/2021
REQUESTOR:	Kansas Corporation Commission
AUDITOR:	lan Campbell
ANSWERED BY:	Rachel Schuldt
DATE RESPONDED:	08/20/2021
SUBJECT:	DIIP
REFERENCE:	

#### REQUEST:

Please provide the actual costs related to the DIIP for the 12 months ending June 30, 2021.

#### RESPONSE:

Actual costs related to the Data Improvement Integrity Program (DIIP) for the 12 months ending June 30, 2021, total \$347,935.51.

Additionally, costs of \$90,931.48 were incurred for DIIP in July 2021.

### ATTACHMENTS:

None.

#### Verification of Response

I have read the foregoing information request and answer(s) thereto and find the answer(s) to be true, accurate, full and complete and contain no material misrepresentations or omissions to the best of my knowledge and belief; and I will disclose to the Commission Staff any matter subsequently discovered which affects the accuracy or completeness of the answer(s) to this information request.

Signed: /s/ Rob Daniel

Date: August 20, 2021

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

#### 21-BHCG-418-RTS

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing document was served by electronic service on this 10<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2021, to the following:

JAMES G. FLAHERTY, ATTORNEY ANDERSON & BYRD, L.L.P. 216 S HICKORY PO BOX 17 OTTAWA, KS 66067 jflaherty@andersonbyrd.com

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ROB DANIEL, MANAGER REGULATORY & FINANCE BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC D/B/A BLACK HILLS ENERGY 655 EAST MILLSAP DRIVE FAYETTEVILLE, AR 72703 <u>Rob.Daniel@blackhillscorp.com</u>

DOUGLAS LAW, ASSOCIATE GENERAL COUNSEL BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC D/B/A BLACK HILLS ENERGY 1731 WINDHOEK DRIVE LINCOLN NE 68512 douglas.law@blackhillscorp.com

TOM STEVENS, DIRECTOR REGULATORY & FINANCE BLACK HILLS/KANSAS GAS UTILITY COMPANY, LLC D/B/A BLACK HILLS ENERGY 655 EAST MILLSAP DRIVE FAYETTEVILLE, AR 72703 TOM.STEVENS@BLACKHILLSCORP.COM MONTGOMERY ESCUE, CONSULTANT FREEDOM PIPELINE, LLC PO BOX 622377 OVIEDO, FL 63762 montgomery@escue.com

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Della Smith Senior Administrative Specialist