PUBLIC VERSION

**" Designates Confidential Information.

Certain Schedules Attached to this Testimony Designated

"Confidential" Also Contain Confidential Information.

All Such Information Should Be Treated Confidentially.

BEFORE THE STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

.....

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

ELIZABETH A. HERRINGTON

ON BEHALF OF KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY FOR APPROVAL OF 2016 ACTUAL COST ADJUSTMENT ("ACA")

DOCKET NO. 17-KCPE-___--ACA

Please state your name and business address. 1 Q: 2 A: My name is Elizabeth A. Herrington. My business address is 1200 Main, Kansas City, 3 Missouri 64105-2122. By whom and in what capacity are you employed? 5 I am employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company ("KCP&L" or "Company") as A: 6 Director, Energy and Revenue Accounting. What are your responsibilities? **Q**: 8 As Director, Energy and Revenue Accounting, I have responsibility for leading the A:

margin accounting team in support of the monthly close and external reporting processes.

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1	The		:	a a a a i la l a fa a	41		1	C all marramers
1	The margin	accounting te	am is res	ponsible for	the recording	g and ana	IJYSIS OI	an revenue

- fuel, purchased power and transmission transactions including the calculation of all fuel
- 3 clauses and the Energy Cost Adjustment.
- 4 Q: Please describe your education, experience and employment history.
- 5 A: I graduated from the University of Missouri-Columbia in May 1992 with a Bachelor of
- 6 Science in Accountancy. In October 1997, I joined the Company as a staff accountant
- and have held several roles such as Supervisor Accounts Receivable, Supervisor -
- 8 Regulatory Accounting, Manager Revenue and Fuel Accounting, Manager Energy
- 9 Accounting and Senior Manager Accounting before assuming my current role last year.
- 10 Q: Have you previously testified in a proceeding before the Kansas Corporation
- 11 Commission ("KCC" or "Commission") or before any other utility regulatory
- 12 agency?

2

- 13 A: I previously provided written testimony to the KCC for the 2015 ACA and provided both
- written and oral testimony before the Missouri Public Service Commission in KCP&L's
- general rate case ER-2016-0285 on fuel clause issues.
- 16 Q: What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
- 17 A: My testimony supports KCP&L's request for Commission approval of the 2016 ACA
- amount and associated true-up factor related to the Company's Energy Cost Adjustment
- 19 ("ECA") tariff. I will describe the actual revenues and expenses behind KCP&L's 2016
- 20 ECA mechanism and the resulting ACA true-up factor to be effective and applied for the
- 21 twelve-month period April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

1	Q:	What is the purpose of KCP&L's ECA tariff

- 2 A: KCP&L's ECA tariff is designed to capture fuel, purchased power and related expenses
- 3 for the current calendar year and provide approximate real-time recovery for these
- 4 expenses subject to an annual true-up. In addition, the Company includes the asset-based
- off-system sales margin ("OSSM") in the ECA tariff as an offset to expenses.
- 6 Q: Were there any changes made to the ECA tariff in 2016?
- 7 A: No.
- 8 Q: What expenses are used in the calculation of the ECA factors?
- 9 A: Fuel, purchased power, emission allowances, renewable energy credits, and wholesale
- transmission expenses and fees. KCP&L uses the following Federal Energy Regulatory
- 11 Commission ("FERC") accounts, as described in the ECA tariff, to record these costs:
- 12 Fuel FERC Accounts 501, 518 and 547;
- Purchased Power FERC Account 555;
- Emission Allowances and Renewable Energy Credits ("REC") FERC Account
- 15 509; and
- 16 Transmission Costs and Fees FERC Accounts 565, 561.4, 561.8, 575.7, and
- 17 928.
- 18 Q: Are all expenses in these accounts included in the ECA factor calculation?
- 19 A: No. KCP&L labor and natural gas hedging activity are not a part of the ECA calculation.
- Additionally, retail transmission costs and fees were excluded from the ECA calculation
- beginning October 1, 2015.
- 22 Q: Please explain why KCP&L labor is excluded.
- 23 A: KCP&L labor is recovered through base rates rather than through the ECA factors.

- 1 Q: Please explain why natural gas hedging activity is excluded.
- 2 A: As a result of discussions with KCC Staff and various rate case testimonies, KCP&L
- does not perform natural gas hedging activity on behalf of its Kansas customers.
- 4 Therefore, all natural gas hedging premium payments and settlements are removed from
- 5 the appropriate FERC accounts for the calculation of Kansas ECA Costs.
- 6 Q: Please explain why retail transmission costs and fees are excluded.
- 7 A: Effective October 1, 2015, KCP&L began collecting retail transmission costs and fees
- 8 through its Transmission Delivery Charge ("TDC") rider. At that time KCP&L removed
- 9 retail transmission from the ECA calculation and included it in the TDC rider.
- 10 Q: Why are there credits relating to retail transmission costs and fees in the 2016
- 11 **ACA?**
- 12 A: In 2016, KCP&L received a refund for Southwest Power Pool ("SPP") administrative
- fees related to February 2014 through September 2015, which is before the TDC rider
- began in October 2015. Also in 2016, KCP&L received a refund for SPP Schedule
- Z2charges from March 2008 through June 2016), which is primarily related to when the
- 16 ECA began in 2008 and before the TDC rider began in October 2015. As a result,
- 17 KCP&L concluded it would be best to match these refunds to the tariff time period when
- the original charges were included.
- 19 Q: Why is it important to identify expenses for retail sales versus wholesale sales?
- 20 A: It is important because of the different allocation factors. Expenses in support of retail
- sales are allocated to Kansas based on an energy allocator. This allocation is based on
- 22 the kilowatt-hour ("kWh") usage by the retail customers. For example, if KCP&L bills
- out retail usage of 100 kWh, of which 47 kWh are Kansas retail usage and 53 kWh are

Missouri retail usage, then KCP&L would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) of the ECA would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) which the ECA would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) which the ECA would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) which the ECA would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) which the ECA would allocate 47% (47 kWh / 100 kWh) which 47 kWh / 100 kWh
Costs to Kansas retail.

Expenses in support of wholesale (*e.g.*, off-system sales) are allocated to Kansas based on the Unused Energy ("UE1") allocator, in accordance with the Stipulation and Agreement in KCP&L's 2007 rate case, Docket No. 07-KCPE-905-RTS. Schedule EAH-1 contains the calculation of the UE1 allocator for 2016.

Q: How does KCP&L allocate costs between retail and wholesale?

A:

A:

Through a post-analysis tool, KCP&L splits all sources of power (generation and purchases) between retail and wholesale transactions. The post-analysis tool assigns minimum load obligations for coal units, nuclear power and wind power (owned and purchase power agreements) to its retail customers first. Once retail load has been matched with the above sources of power, the post-analysis tool continues to assign cost until all sales (retail and wholesale) are completed. Transmission costs and fees are allocated to either retail or wholesale based on direct identification of which type of sale was supported or allocated based on the percentage of kWh sales if direct identification cannot be made.

Q: What was the total amount of fuel, purchased power and related expenses for KCP&L Kansas retail customers for 2016?

Confidential Schedule EAH-2 contains the summary of actual costs for all KCP&L Retail customers, Requirements Sales for Resale customers and Bulk Power Sales customers not included in the asset-based OSSM from Bulk Power Sales. The total cost of fuel, purchased power and related expenses to serve Kansas retail customers in 2016 was **



Q: What is the asset-based OSSM from Bulk Power Sales?

1

- A: The asset-based OSSM is the revenue less cost from the sale of generated electricity not used by retail customers. It is the margin made on sales to non-retail customers of electricity that is tied to KCP&L's generating and/or transmission assets. The Kansas portion of this margin is applied to the ECA Costs for the Kansas retail customer.
- 6 Q: How is the OSSM component of the ECA tariff calculated?
- A: OSSM is the off-system sales revenue recorded in FERC Account 447 for the sale of electricity to non-retail customers less associated costs related to generation, purchased power and transmission of that electricity. The post-analysis tool results, described previously, determine the cost of generating the power and purchased power positions to serve these sales. The allocated portion of transmission expense and associated fees is also included in the OSSM calculation.
- 13 Q: Why is transmission expense included in the OSSM calculation of the ECA tariff
 14 when KCP&L has a TDC rider?
- 15 A: The TDC rider is designed to capture and recover transmission expense associated with

 16 retail service. The OSSM calculation is designed to capture the margin associated with

 17 off-system sales. Therefore, transmission expense associated with off-system sales must

 18 be included in the calculation to determine OSSM.
- 19 Q: How is the Kansas portion of the OSSM applied to Kansas retail customers?
- 20 A: The Kansas portion of the OSSM is applied to the ECA Costs included in the ECA tariff
 21 calculation. The actual Kansas portion of the OSSM for 2016 was a loss of
 22 **



1	Q:	How does KCP&L recover the ECA Costs from its Kansas retail customers?
2	A:	As described in the testimony of KCP&L witness James W. Okenfuss, KCP&L calculates
3		an ECA rate per kWh for each calendar month ("ECA factor") on a quarterly basis. The
4		ECA factors are submitted to the Commission on or before the 20 th day of the month
5		preceding each calendar quarter. KCP&L bills its retail customers as a separate line item
6		based on the customers' kWh usage for each month.
7	Q:	How does KCP&L record revenue from its retail customers, including ECA
8		revenue?
9	A:	KCP&L records ECA revenue as a component of retail revenue in FERC Accounts 440
10		442 and 444. In addition, KCP&L records retail revenue by rate jurisdiction based or
11		customer service address, which allows KCP&L to record retail usage by rate
12		jurisdiction.
13	Q:	How does KCP&L compare the amount of ECA revenue billed to actual ECA Costs
14		incurred?
15	A:	Each month, the KCP&L accounting department calculates the ECA revenue over- or
16		under-collection in accordance with KCP&L's ECA tariff. The ECA revenue received is
17		compared to the Kansas retail allocation of the actual fuel, purchased power, less the
18		Kansas allocation of OSSM.
19	Q:	For the ECA components described above, how much did KCP&L record in 2016 in
20		ECA revenue, ECA Costs and OSSM?
21	A:	KCP&L received ECA revenue from its Kansas retail customers of \$119,090,232
22		applicable to the 2016 ECA year. As explained above, actual ECA Costs were
23		** and the OSSM component was a loss of ** **. The sum



1		of these numbers: revenue of \$119,090,232 less the Kansas portion of costs
2		** less the loss of the Kansas portion of OSSM **
3		(\$15,587,304) represents the amount KCP&L has under-recovered from its Kansas retail
4		customers.
5	Q:	Has KCP&L collected the 2014 under-recovery of \$9,859,413 from Kansas retail
6		customers?
7	A:	In accordance with the ECA tariff, KCP&L collected \$9,645,169, which is \$214,244 less
8		than the 2014 under-recovery of \$9,859,413, between April 1, 2015 through March 31,
9		2016, from its Kansas retail customers.
10	Q:	Is KCP&L including any amount in this 2016 filing related to the 2014 under-
11		recovery?
12	A:	Yes. Since the collection period is complete and in accordance with the ECA tariff,
13		KCP&L is including a true-up amount in this filing to be recovered from KCP&L's
14		Kansas retail customers over a twelve-month period beginning April 1, 2017. KCP&L
15		received \$9,645,169 from its Kansas retail customers for the 2014 under-recovery of
16		\$9,859,413. Therefore, KCP&L will add the difference of \$214,244, (\$9,859,413 -
17		\$9,645,169) to the 2016 total under-collection to be recovered from Kansas retail
18		customers through the ACA factor between April 2017 through March 2018.
19	Q:	What is the total under-recovery for the 2016 ECA year and the true-up from the
20		2014 ECA year?

The total under collection for 2016 is \$15,801,548 (\$15,587,304 + \$214,244).

21

A:



1	O :	What is KCP&L 1	recommending for the	under-recovery of	of \$15,801,548?

- 2 A: KCP&L is recommending that the Commission approve for KCP&L's Kansas retail
- 3 customers to reimburse the under-recovery amount over a twelve-month period beginning
- 4 April 1, 2017 in accordance with the Company's ECA tariff. As shown in Confidential
- 5 Schedule EAH-2, this under-collection results in an ACA factor of \$0.00245 per kWh
- which would be added to the ECA factors for each month beginning April 2017 through
- 7 March 2018.
- 8 Q: Has KCP&L been reimbursed by the Kansas retail customers for the 2015 under-
- 9 **recovery of \$6,704,445?**
- 10 A: In accordance with the ECA tariff, KCP&L is being reimbursed for the under-recovery as
- part of the ACA true-up factor applicable from April 1, 2016 through March 31, 2017.
- 12 Q: Is KCP&L including any amount in this 2016 filing related to the 2015 under-
- recovery?
- 14 A: No. Since the reimbursement period is not completed at the time of this filing, KCP&L is
- not including a true-up amount in this filing. KCP&L intends to include any true-up to
- the 2015 under-recovery in its March 1, 2018 filing.
- 17 Q: Are there any additional exhibits filed with this ACA Application prepared by you
- or prepared under your direct supervision?
- 19 A: Yes, Confidential Schedule EAH-3 contains the detailed ECA calculation for 2016.
- 20 **O:** Does that conclude your testimony?
- 21 A: Yes, it does.

BEFORE THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

In the Matter of the Application of Kansas City Power & Light Company for approval of 2016 Actual Cost Adjustment ("ACA"))) Docket No. 17-KCPEACA)
AFFIDAVIT OF ELIZAE	BETH A. HERRINGTON
STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss COUNTY OF JACKSON)	
Elizabeth A. Herrington, being first duly swo	rn on his oath, states:
1. My name is Elizabeth A. Herrington	on. I work in Kansas City, Missouri, and I am
employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company a	s Director, Energy and Revenue Accounting.
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereo	of for all purposes is my Direct Testimony on behalf
of Kansas City Power & Light Company consisting of	of <u>nine</u> (9) pages, having been prepared in
written form for introduction into evidence in the abo	ve-captioned docket.
3. I have knowledge of the matters set	forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my
answers contained in the attached testimony to t	he questions therein propounded, including any
attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of	of my knowledge, information and belief.
Ē	Zizabeth A. Herrington
Subscribed and sworn before me this \\ \frac{1}{2} \day of March	2017.
My commission expires: Fas 4 2019	NICOLE A. WEHRY Notary Public - Nicory Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Jackson County My Commission Expires: February 04, 2019 Commission Number: 14391200

KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT (SCHEDULE ECA) UNUSED ENERGY ALLOCATOR FOR KANSAS (UE1)

ACTUAL FOR 2016

Unused Energy Allocator						
Calculated using 12 months ended December, 2016						
		Missouri	Kansas	FERC	Total	
Demand Allocator (D1) - 12CP				- '	•	
2612.7 Load (MW)		1,383.7	1,225.0	4.0	2,612.7	
Demand Allocator	D1	52.96%	46.89%	0.15%	100.00%	
Energy w/ Losses Allocator (E1)						
Energy Used (MWH)		8,972,738	6,823,551	27,732	15,824,021	
Energy w/ Losses Allocator	E1	56.70%	43.12%	0.18%	100.00%	
Unused Energy w/ Losses Allocator (UE1)						
Available Capacity (MW)				ſ	4,609.4	
Demand Allocator (D1)		52.96%	46.89%	0.15%	100.00%	
Max Total Peak Allocated Using D1 Factors (MW)	Days	2,441.2	2,161.2	7.1	4,609.4	
x Hours in Year (leap year = 366)	366	8784	8784	8784	8784	
Available Energy (MWH)		21,443,379	18,983,985	61,989	40,489,353	
- Energy Used (MWH)		8,972,738	6,823,551	27,732	15,824,021	
Unused Energy (MWH)	•	12,470,642	12,160,434	34,256	24,665,332	
Unused Energy w/ Losses Allocator	UE1	50.5594%	49.3017%	0.1389%	100.0000%	

Demand Allocators						
Coincident Pe	aks					
Includes Loss	es; Includes D	SM				
(MW)						
					System	
		CoinMOPeak	CoinKSPeak	CoinResale	Peak	
	Jan-16	1,287	1,113	3	2,403	
	Feb-16	1,212	1,043	3	2,258	
	Mar-16	1,072	958	3	2,033	
	Apr-16	1,073	791	2	1,866	
	May-16	1,206	1,062	3	2,271	
	Jun-16	1,754	1,627	5	3,386	
	Jul-16	1,777	1,634	6	3,416	
	Aug-16	1,836	1,681	6	3,524	
	Sep-16	1,632	1,451	6	3,088	
	Oct-16	1,289	1,194	3	2,486	
	Nov-16	1,116	916	3	2,035	
	Dec-16	1,350	1,233	4	2,587	
MAX		1,836	1,681	6	3,524	
TOTAL		16,604	14,700	48	31,353	
Average		1,383.7	1,225.0	4.0	2,612.8	

Jurisdictional COS for Revenue

Production and Transmission Demand Allocators (D1, D2)

		D1, D2
<u>Jurisdiction</u>	12-CP Loads	Allocator
Missouri	1,383.7	52.96%
Kansas	1,225.0	46.89%
SFR	4.0	0.15%
Total	2,612.7	100.0000%

Energy Allocators

12 Months Ending December 2016 Actual ENERGY WITH LOSSES (E1)

		E1
	MWH	Allocator
Missouri	8,972,738	56.7033%
Kansas	6,823,551	43.1215%
Sales for Resale	27,732	0.1753%
TOTAL	15,824,021	100.0000%
MO Retail loss %	6.6830%	
KS Retail loss %	7.3300%	
MO/KS SFR loss %	8.1991%	

ENERGY WITHOUT LOSSES (E2)

		E2
	MWH	Allocator
Missouri	8,435,167	56.8749%
Kansas	6,370,266	42.9521%
Sales for Resale	25,647	0.1729%
TOTAL	14,831,081	100.0000%

Losses to allocate 992,940 15,824,021

KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT (SCHEDULE ECA)

ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT (SCHEDULE ECA)														
SCHEDULE ECA ACTUAL VALUES		Actual Jan-16	Actual Feb-16	Actual Mar-16	Actual Apr-16	Actual May-16	Actual Jun-16	Actual Jul-16	Actual Aug-16	Actual Sep-16	Actual Oct-16	Actual Nov-16	Actual Dec-16	Actual 2016 Total
Actual Costs for all KCPL Retail, Requirements Sales for Resale, and Bulk Power Sales Customers not included in the asset-based Off-System Sales Margin from Bulk Power Sales:														
Actual cost nuclear and fossil fuel Account 501 Coal Account 518 Nuclear Account 547 Gas / Oil	FA													
Actual cost purchased power Account 555 Purchased Power including RTO Participation	P _A													
3. Actual cost emission allowances	E _A													
Actual transmission cost Account 565 Transmisson by Others Accts 561, 575, 928 Fees	T _A													
5. Actual Revenue not in OSSM	BPR _A													
5a. Actual cost for non-asset based sales to Bulk Power Customers	ABPC _A													
6. Total (Lines 1+2+3+4-5-5a)														
Actual kWhs to be delivered to all KCPL Retail and Requirements Sales for Resale C	S _{AT} Customers	1,287,424,019	1,112,892,858	1,064,388,733	997,064,524	1,131,180,588	1,429,873,248	1,606,448,863	1,524,083,089	1,275,956,856	1,107,239,863	1,078,699,749	1,274,000,788	14,889,253,178
Actual annual kWhs to be delivered to all Kansas Retail Customers	S _{AK}	549,602,428	465,139,881	439,318,096	417,258,878	484,152,602	633,188,178	710,733,682	670,350,959	556,525,734	465,931,261	452,289,083	547,973,765	6,392,464,547
9. Kansas Energy Allocation (Line 8 / Line 7)		0.42690	0.41800	0.41270	0.41850	0.42800	0.44280	0.44240	0.43980	0.43620	0.42080	0.41930	0.43010	
10. Kansas Portion of Costs (Line 6 x Line 9)														
Actual asset-based Off-System Sales Margin from Bulk Power Sales (OSSM)														
12. Actual Unused Energy Allocator for Kansas UE1		49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	
13. Actual Kansas allocation Of OSSM (Line 11 x Line 12)	DSSM _A													
14. Net Kansas Cost (Line 10 - Line 13)	\$	5 10,093,460 \$	10,251,863 \$	10,375,840 \$	8,208,870 \$	9,633,268 \$	9,773,226	12,874,200	\$ 11,812,516 \$	3 14,206,782	\$ 12,820,974 \$	12,075,313 \$	12,551,226	\$ 134,677,536
15. ECA Revenue Collected excluding True-up	_	\$9,618,141	\$7,967,967	\$7,420,155	\$7,130,976	\$8,356,547	\$11,017,628	\$14,491,939	\$13,353,461	\$11,303,130	\$10,320,415	\$8,991,547	\$9,118,325	\$ 119,090,232
18. True-up Amt Total T (Line 16 + Line 17 + Line 18)	STRUE	(475,318) \$	(2,283,896) \$	(2,955,685) \$	(1,077,893) \$	(1,276,721) \$	1,244,403	1,617,739	\$ 1,540,945 \$	5 (2,903,652)	\$ (2,500,558) \$	5 (3,083,766) \$		\$ (15,587,304) (214,244) \$ (15,801,548)
20. True-up Component of the ECA (\$/kWh) (- Line 15 / Line 16)													<u>-</u>	\$ 0.00245

Jan-16 Feb-16 Mar-16 Apr-16 May-16 Jun-16 Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 0ct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 2016 Component Actual Cost of Fuel for: (1) KCP&L Retail, (2) Requirements Sales for Resale, (3) Bulk Power Sales not in OSSM F_A Accounts 501, 518, and 547 Account 501 + Production Fuel + Fuel Additives + Fuel Residuals + Non-labor Fuel Handling + Natural Gas Option Premiums + Natural Gas Hedge Settlement + Total 501 (excluding KCP&L labor) Account 518 + Production Fuel + Fuel Additives + Fuel Residuals + Non-labor Fuel Handling + Total 518 (excluding KCP&L labor) Account 547 + Production Fuel + Fuel Additives + Fuel Residuals + Non-labor Fuel Handling + Natural Gas Option Premiums + Natural Gas Hedge Settlement + Total 547 (excluding KCP&L labor) Total F_A = Cost of Purchased Power & RTO for: (1) KCP&L Retail, (2) Requirements Sales for Resale, (3) Bulk Power Sales not in OSSM P_A Account 555 Capacity Demand Purchases + Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. + Higginsville + Chanute + Morgan Stanley Capital Group + Dogwood + Total Capacity Demand Purchases Energy Purchases + Border Customers + Capacity Energy + KMEA and/or Ancillary Services + Muni. Capacity Energy + Parallel Generation (Co-generators) + Hampton Biofuel + Non-Firm (excl SPP Netting) + SPP Netting + Reconciliation to General Ledger + Energy Purchases for Term Deals included above + Total Energy Purchases SPP Loss Charges Independence Bulk Power Sales not in OSSM (MWh) + Total Wholesale Energy Sales (MWh) + Indep BPS Percent of Indep BPS to Wholesale Energy Sales + Indep BPS x SPP Loss Charges (Total) + SPP Loss Charges (Independence BPS not in OSSM) Purchases: Purchases for Resale + PURCHASES: Purchases for Resale (BPS not in OSSM) = Non-Firm Energy PURCHASES RTO Charges/Credits Total Revenue Neutrality Uplift ÷ Total MWh RNU \$/MWh * KCP&L Retail, RSfR, BPS (MWh) + Revenue Neutrality Uplift Total P_A =

Total T_A = + Total Cost of Transmission & RTO, FERC, and NERC

Kansas City Power & Light Company ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT Jan-16 Feb-16 Mar-16 Apr-16 May-16 Jun-16 Jul-16 Aug-16 Sep-16 Oct-16 Nov-16 Dec-16 2016 Component Actual Revenue from Asset-based Bulk Power Sales not in OSSM BPR_A Account 447 Capacity Demand Sales + INDN Capacity Demand Exchange + Springfield + Total Capacity Demand Sales Energy Sales + Capacity Energy Exchange [City of Independence] + Independence Load Regulation + KMEA Load Following + SPP IM Real-Time + Springfield Energy Capacity + Chanute Energy Sales Revenue + Non-Firm (excl SPP Netting) + Reconciliation to General Ledger + Total Energy Sales Miscellaneous + Independence + GMO OPTION (reclassify in July 2014) + Chanute Fixed Costs Revenue + Total Miscellaneous SPP Loss Revenues + Total SPP Loss Revenues Total BPR_A = Revenue from Asset-based Bulk Power Sales not in OSS Cost of Non-Asset based Sales to Bulk Power customers NABPC_A Account 555 Q Expenses Total NABPC = kWh for all KCP&L Retail and Requirements Sales for Resale Customers 417,258,878 6,392,464,547 549,602,428 439,318,096 484.152.602 633.188.178 710,733,682 670.350.959 547,973,765 SAK Kansas kWh 465,139,881 556.525.734 465,931,261 452,289,083 1,275,956,856 SAT Total kWh 1,287,424,019 1,112,892,858 997,064,524 1,131,180,588 1,429,873,248 1,606,448,863 1,524,083,089 1,274,000,788 14,889,253,178 1,064,388,733 1,107,239,863 1,078,699,749 Asset-based Off-System Sales Margin from Bulk Power Sales OSSM Total OSSM Revenue and Expense Revenue - Account 447 + Post Analysis Total Sales + SPP Loss Revenues + BookOuts (B's, BF's, and QF's) + Capacity Sales Demand - Eudora from Chanute, MPS/SJLP, S'ville to KMEA + Eudora Misc. Fixed Costs + SPP Netting + Border Customers Energy Sales + MIDAS Bulk Power Sales + Sales of Purchases for Resale · Total OSSM Revenue Expense Fuel Expense - Accounts 501, 518, and 547 Account 501 + Production Fuel + Fuel Additives + Fuel Residuals + Non-labor Fuel Handling + Total 501 (excluding KCP&L labor) Account 518 + Production Fuel + Fuel Additives + Fuel Residuals + Non-labor Fuel Handling + Total 518 (excluding KCP&L labor)

RTO fees

+ Total Account 575
Account 928

Total SPP RTO Administrative Fees on Point to Point x Percent allocated to Mkt Facilitation, Monitoring & Compliance Svcs + Market Facilitation, Monitoring and Compliance Services

Kansas City Power & Light Company ENERGY COST ADJUSTMENT	F													
ECA _A Component		Jan-16 Actual	Feb-16 Actual	Mar-16 Actual	Apr-16 Actual	May-16 Actual	Jun-16 Actual	Jul-16 Actual	Aug-16 Actual	Sep-16 Actual	Oct-16 Actual	Nov-16 Actual	Dec-16 Actual	2016 Actual
FERC fees FERC + Total FERC fe × MIDAS N + 928 FERC + Total Accou	e \$/MWh Non-Firm Sales (MWh)													
- Total OSSM Expo	ense													
Total OSSM	0													
x Mean to Median Ad Median OSSM =	justment Factor	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
OSSMK x Unused Energy (UE Total OSSMK =	(1) Allocator	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017%	49.3017% 0	
S_{AK} Kansas kWh $TotalS_{AK}=$ ECA $_{\Lambda}$ Calculation		549,602,428	465,139,881	439,318,096	417,258,878	484,152,602	633,188,178	710,733,682	670,350,959	556,525,734	465,931,261	452,289,083	547,973,765	6,392,464,547 - -
F _A Fuel P _A Purchased Power E _A Emission Allowances T _A Transmission (FA + PA + EA + TA) BPR _A Bulk Power Revenue NABPC _A Non-asset Based Cost ((FA + PA + EA + TA) S _A Retail + Requirements ((FA + PA + EA + TA)	s BPRA) - NABPCA s Sales kWhs													
Kansas portion of Cost less Kansas portion of OSSM Net Kansas Cost	\$	10,093,460 \$	10,251,863 \$	10,375,840 \$	8,208,870 \$	9,633,268 \$	9,773,226 \$	12,874,200 \$	11,812,516 \$	14,206,782 \$	12,820,974 \$	12,075,313 \$	12,551,226	\$ 134,677,536
Projected Fuel Cost Component Projected OSSM Component True-up Factor ECA _A Factors in Rates	\$	0.00156 0.01906 \$	0.00156 0.01869 \$	0.00156 0.01845 \$	0.00105 0.01814 \$	0.00105 0.01831 \$	0.00105 0.01845 \$	0.00105 0.02144 \$	0.00105 0.02097 \$	0.00105 0.02136 \$	0.00105 0.02320 \$	0.00105 0.02093 \$	0.00105 0.01769	
Retail Cost Collected (Fuel Component) Rounding Adjustment OSSM Given Back Revenue excluding True-up Amount True-up Revenue (estimated)	\$	857,380	7,967,967 \$ 725,618 8,693,585 \$	7,420,155 \$ 685,336 8,105,491 \$	7,130,976 \$ 438,122 7,569,098 \$	8,356,547 \$ 508,360 8,864,907 \$	11,017,628 \$ 664,848 11,682,476 \$	14,491,939 \$ 746,270 15,238,209 \$	13,353,461 \$ 703,869 14,057,330 \$	11,303,130 \$ 584,352 11,887,482 \$	10,320,415 \$ 489,228 10,809,643 \$	8,991,547 \$ 474,904 9,466,451 \$	575,372	\$ 119,090,232 7,453,659 \$ 126,543,891
ECAREV _A 2016 Over (Under) Collection 2014 Remaining Balance - Over (Under	\$			(2,955,685) \$	(1,077,893) \$	(1,276,721) \$	1,244,403 \$	1,617,739 \$	1,540,945 \$	(2,903,652) \$	(2,500,558) \$	(3,083,766) \$	(3,432,901)	
\mathbf{S}_{TRUE} Projected kWhs for Kansas Retail custome	ers for April 2017 - March 2018												I	
-TRUE _A / S _{TRUE} Factor to add														\$ 0.00245